MINING SHARES for sale. Grand Prize, 5c.; Vulcan, 3½c.; Great Western, 15c.; Evening Star, 15c; Poorman, 13½c.; Monte Cristo, 20c; Mabel, 10c.; Camp Bird, 6c.; Lily May, 12½c.; Mayflower, 15c. A. W. MORE & CO., Mining Brokers, 70 Douglas street.

The Daily Colonist.

TEXADA ISLAND, Some of the best claims on above and adjacent islands, also at ALBERNI, for sale or bond at reasonable prices or on working arrangement. Apply to Thos. Kitchin, Nanaimo

VOL. LXXVI.—NO. 11 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA MONDAY JUNE 22 1896 THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

DRESS PINS AND BUTTONS

WITH CHAINS ATTACHED.

FOR CHILDREN

—IN—

GOLD, SILVER AND PLATE.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.

JEWELERS, 47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Butter....

Gilt Edge Creamery. . . . .

Packed in Tubs. . . . . .

50's, 30's, 25's, 20's and 10's.

Hudson's Bay Co.

Wharf Street, Victoria, B.C.

HAVE YOU CAUGHT ON

TO OUR PRICES?

They are a surprise, and have taken hold to stay. Our flag of high qualities and low prices is unfurled to the breeze, and we don't propose to haul it down. Sail in for the good things.

Hungarian Flour, $1.15.
Snowflake Flour, $1.05.
English Pickles, 20c.
Cowichan Creamery, 25c.
Baking Powder, 1 lb. tins, 25c.
Vermont Maple Syrup.
Mexican Aztic Syrup.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

ON A NEW FOOTING.

We still maintain the lead for FINE FOOTWEAR and have now our complete lines of Spring and Summer Shoes. This is going to be OUR "BANNER SEASON" if shoe wearers will buy where they can secure the best shoe value for the price in Victoria.

Gilmore & McCandless.

Nos. 35 and 37 JOHNSON STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

GEO. POWELL & CO.

CHEAPSIDE.

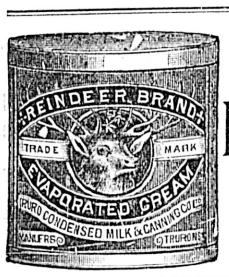
THE NEW FLAGSHIP HAS ARRIVED. "GOD SAVE THE QUEEN,"

And so has our annual stock of

Fruit Kettles, Fruit Jars, Rubber Rings for Bottles, Jelly Glasses, Fruit Presses,

Rubber Hose, Scythes, Lawn Mowers, Stoves and Ranges.

CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT STREET.



Have YOU Used Reindeer Brand Evaporated Cream?

FOR PICNICS, SPORTSMEN OR HOME USE. THIS CREAM IS UNSURPASSED. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A TIN.

PRIME HYPOCRITES!

Types of the Quebec Politicians Now Upholding the Standard of Purity.

Would Victoria Like to Have Her Representatives Sitting in Such Company?

"We will support no man or set of men that will shield criminals, whitewash boodlers or condone corruption in high places," say Messrs. Templeman and Milne in their address to the electors. That is what they say; what they do is something quite different.

They support Mr. Laurier for instance, not on the school question or in his trade policy, but they support him in the effort to get into office. Does Mr. Laurier "condone corruption in high places"? Here is what Mr Honore Beaugrand, editor of the Liberal La Patrie of Montreal says:

"Mr. Laurier, I repeat, who is the pupil of Eric Dorion, who received his political education at the Canadian Institute, and who is the personification of good sense and rectitude, allowed himself to be surrounded by the clique that had politically assassinated Mercier, and who are beginning to smell the fumes of the great Liberal soup pot at Ottawa, and who will devour each other as soon as possible after the victory. There are already some of them with their ladles in hand, and while the soup is being prepared I have received several blows."

Later, Mr. Beaugrand said, in a letter of warning to the Toronto Globe:—

There are in Montreal, as well as in Quebec, persons who gravitated around the orbit of the Mercier administration during its palmy days, and who are now endeavoring to circumvent the Hon. Mr. Laurier in the same manner at the expense of the party itself."

Does Mr. Laurier "condone corruption in high places"? His chief lieutenant in Quebec is Mr. J. Israel Tarte, who is to be made a Minister or Speaker of the Commons if the Liberals are successful. But this is what the Globe said of Mr. Tarte just before he became a "Liberal." in 1891:

"Tarte comes from Berthier county.

"He was conducting a country newspaper with considerable ability, when some one invited him sixteen or seventeen years ago to go to Quebec and become editor of Le Canadien.

"Le Canadien received large sums ($30,000 in all) from Thomas McGreevy.

"Murphy and Robert, when the row occurred, attempted to exact, first, $100,000, and then $75,000, from Thomas McGreevy and the Connollys by threatening to print the letters.

"It was then that Tarte resolved to take the side of virtue.

"They furnished the ammunition in the hope of forcing the Dominion Ministers to persuade Thomas and the Connollys to pay the sweat money.

"Tarte appeared as the champion of public morality.

"He would have deserved much more credit, however, had he applied himself to the elucidation of the whole truth.

"As it was, he screened his own operations."

Ald. Prefontaine, of Montreal, is one of Mr. Laurier's candidates there. Of Mr. Prefontaine the Liberal Montreal Witness lately said:

"The man who ran the city council for the benefit of the monopolies.

"The city is poorer by his being in the council.

"A record which is a scandal to the city of Montreal.

"No voting record can begin to denote him or to measure the badness of his influence.

"Whoever has been on the people's side, he has never been.

"He has probably cost the city more than all men before him put together.

"It would be a criminal folly for Hochelaga, or any other ward, to return him again to the council."

Does Mr. Laurier in endorsing and speaking for Ald. Prefontaine, "condone corruption in high places"?

Then there is Mr. James McShane, who was one of Mercier's ministers, and is now a Laurier candidate in Montreal. Of him the Witness says:

"The Liberal party has few more dangerous men than Mr. McShane hanging to its skirts, and Mr. McShane is so openly bad, so innocently bad as one might say—for he has never appeared to know the difference between right and wrong—that people are inclined to condone his notorious misdeeds."

Tarte, Prefontaine and McShane are types of the group of Quebec politicians now surrounding and indeed managing the Liberal leader. When this group held office in Quebec, it managed to absorb $1,100,000 of public money in three or four years. For $100,000 of this a verdict was secured by the government against Ernest Pacaud a few weeks ago, though of course he cannot hand over the money. He used the greater part of the $100,000 in paying the personal and political debts of the Quebec ministers. A good portion also went to aid the Liberal party. Senator Pelletier and Mr. J. Israel Tarte, M.P., had their names as makers or endorsers on about $25,000 of notes issued to raise money for the Federal election campaign of 1891, which notes were paid out of the proceeds of the deal which Mr. Pacaud engineered. The reptile Liberal press of the province received some $6,000. Election expenses and the institution of election petitions against Conservative members took between $4,000 and $5,000. Other payments of the like nature reduced the amount by which Mr. Pacaud personally gained to $28,000, exclusive of a balance of $20,000 removed to New York to be out of reach of the Canadian courts, the final disposition of which is unknown."

Beware of roorbacks. The Grits are desperate, and ready to resort to any kind of trick to gain the votes they so badly need.

HOW THEY DO BRAG!

What the Liberals Predicted Five Years Ago—But It Hasn't Happened Yet.

(From the Montreal Gazette.)

It is not likely that many will be influenced. in casting their votes on Tuesday next by the predictions of a Liberal victory that Liberal speakers and Liberal journals are indulging in. Liberals always brag before a contest. It is as much a part of their nature to brag as it is to bribe. In 1891 we find the Liberal press full of predictions of the great victory that Laurier and Wiman were to win on the issue of unrestricted reciprocity. The polling took place on March 5. On February 24 the Toronto Globe had an article on "The Lost Cause" announcing that "one thing is clear to all impartial observers, and that is that the N.P. and Sir John Macdonald, the man himself and the system of organized corruption, of which he is at once the slave and the prophet, are both alike doomed." Sir John Macdonald, the article further stated, had "the added bitterness of knowing that his own incredible folly has made him an object of mingled contempt and dislike." This was written, be it remembered, within a few months of Sir John Macdonald's death, when he was at the very apex of his unrivalled personal popularity.

There was lots more of the same kind of stuff. The giants of the Liberal party were everywhere smashing, crushing, humiliating the Conservative pigmies set up against them. So the Globe said. On February 28 it was declared that only a few rotten combines were with the Tory Government—the Liberals were to be supported "by the great masses of the people, the farmers, the artizans, the taxpayers"—the coming Liberal Government, elected by the masses, was to eternally smash protection and annex Canada commercially to the continent to which it belonged. On February 28 it was proclaimed that "the forces of reform are steadily gaining ground," the "dodgings of Ministers" were of no avail.

On March 5 it was alleged that the "Old Man" (Sir John Macdonald) had contrived to place his party in a position in which defeat meant annihilation—"the success of the Liberal party is assured." On March 6 the paper that had been indulging in all this blustering brag announced that the Conservative government, under Sir John Macdonald, had achieved its fourth successive electoral triumph!

The Montreal Herald in this province was just as sure as was the Globe in Ontario that in the Wiman commercial union fad the Liberals had at last struck on the key that was to unlock for them the doors of the Dominion Treasury. The morning after nomination day it editorially announced that "The stampede from the Conservative ranks in the agricultural districts and among the manufacturers is unprecedented." The Liberals were "confident of achieving a decisive victory, and reports coming from all parts of the Dominion fully warrant their confidence." On March 2 the Herald had further information from all parts of the Dominion "uniformly and decidedly in favor of the Liberal party—furnishing indications of a sweeping Liberal victory." And then the article went on: "Hon. Mr. Laurier is confident of success. Hon. Mr. Mercier guarantees him a substantial Liberal majority in the Province of Quebec, and reports from the Province of Ontario are more favorable than ever. The stampede of farmers, manufacturers and wage-earners to the ranks of the Liberals continues with increasing volume. From Nova Scotia our intelligence is of the most cheering character. In New Brunswick the indications are that they (the Conservatives) stand to lose heavily. Three seats are conceded to the Liberals in Manitoba. In the Northwest and British Columbia the independent candidates stand to win, and the members of these two sections of the Dominion may be depended on to support Mr. Laurier's government."

A week after this screed was penned Sir Richard Cartwright was cursing the Maritime Provinces and the Northwest as shreds and patches of the Dominion, whose vote was worth nothing and whose support was a dishonor.

It is worth while, in view of the brag which the Liberal press and speakers are now indulging in—which Mr. Laurier indulged in last night—to recall this past buncombe of the party orators and writers. It is part of their policy to catch the weak-minded element which seeks to be with the winning side without much regard to what it is. It is stuff which should not affect any sensible man's mind, because no sensible mind could so misjudge the movement of events, or seeing how they were shaping themselves, could indulge in such senseless, ineffective and certain to be humiliating brag.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Sentenced to Death.

LINDSAY, Ont., June 21.—John Kearney was this morning found guilty of the murder of Farmer James Agnew in March last and sentenced to be hanged on the first of October. The murder was most brutal and wanton and evidently for robbery. The only defence put forward was that of insanity.

Toronto's Recent Extensive Fire.

TORONTO, June 21.—Coroner Johnson has started an investigation into the fire at McKendry's dry-goods store. McKendry himself is the only witness so far examined. He stated that the firm owed in February last, at stocktaking, $175,000. After the fire he borrowed $25,000 from John Macdonald & Co., giving his insurance policies as security, and of this sum he paid $3,000 to Nicholas Gasland in payment of a thirty day note, and $12,000 to his mother-in-law, to repay money borrowed from her.

Buy Fruit Jars at Cheapside. x

AN EXPLANATION DEMANDED.

To William Templeman, Esq., Editor of the "Times."

SIR,—The electors of Victoria, to whom you are now appealing for their suffrages upon the ground that you are the accredited representative of the great and only "party of purity," demand from you a direct and straightforward answer to and explanation of the following solemn declaration of Thomas Tugwell:

"The said Richards then said that it was a matter of business with him, and that he wanted certain information which I could get for him, and that if I could get the information for him he would guarantee that I would be well looked after if Mr. William Templeman was elected to the House of Commons. I then asked him what guarantee he would give me that his promise that I would be looked after would be kept, and he asked me if I would take Mr. Templeman's word. I replied "yes" that "I could." He then said he would go out to see Mr. Templeman. I told him I was going to Garland's restaurant, on Broad street, to get lunch, and he told me he would go and see Mr. Templeman and have him go there. Shortly afterwards I went to Garland's restaurant for lunch, and while I was eating lunch Mr. Templeman came in and sat down on the opposite side of the room. After I had finished my lunch Mr. Templeman followed me out to the street and entered into conversation with me. He asked me if I had seen Frank, meaning Frank Richards; I said yes, and he (Frank) tells me he wants certain information, and that you would guarantee that I would be looked after in case it was got. He said it would not do for him to know anything about that, but that he would endorse anything that Frank guaranteed. He further said it would not do for us to be seen together, and he then left me."

The electors of this constituency have a right to know what you have to say to this very grave accusation. Did you meet Mr. Tugwell where and when he declares you did and did the conversation which he reports take place. Ten days have now elapsed since this charge against you was published, and up to date you have not denied it. Surely you cannot think so lightly of your honor as to permit this to pass unchallenged?

LEADING THE LEADER!

What a Liberal Merchant Found Out When He Tried This in Parliament.

How Would Templeman and Milne Compare in Influence With Mr. Workman?

Once upon a time Montreal used to send Liberals to parliament, and one of these was a representative wholesale merchant named Thomas Workman, who sat in the Commons in the evil days from 1873 to 1878 when the Liberals were in power. They then had a tariff for revenue only, such as it is said they would now introduce if they cannot have free trade. Mr. Workman knew that the government's policy was working disaster in his constituency, but in vain he implored them to change it. This is what he said in parliament:

"The manufacturers of the country are now in a most depressed state; this depression has been gradually going on and increasing, until at present nearly one-half of all the manufacturing establishments in and around the city from which I come are closed up, and the other half are working on half or perhaps two-thirds time. Any number of hands have been discharged and are idle to-day, while those who are employed are only earning wages of from 75 to 80 per cent. of what they earned before. A vast amount of misery and distress prevails around Montreal in consequence.

"We are living near the United States, whose manufacturing interests have within the past ten or fifteen years made marvellous strides. During the rebellion wages in the United States were high, and it was difficult to produce goods anything like as cheaply as now; but since the war the industries of that country have been very progressive, and there is now in United States manufactures an amount of money, skill and perseverance, which, if continued, will in a very short time leave even old England in the shade. They have adopted a policy in that country the result of which has been most beneficial in building up the manufacturing industries there.

"An American manufacturer finds his stock accumulating, looks over to Canada for a market, where he slaughters his surplus for whatever it will bring. The consequence is that these goods are forced into our market until the effect is disastrous to our native industries. I have seen it and experienced it myself every day.

"I have had experience, and I speak from the experience of every manufacturer in Lower Canada. I am happy to say that the views I entertain are in harmony with the great majority of the people of Canada, and they are strongly impressed with the conviction that a certain amount of protection to our manufacturing interests is absolutely necessary."

Mr. Workman was an influential man in his party, but he could not stir his leaders from their fixed policy, and no protection was given until a change of government occurred. Yet two amateurs like Mr. Templeman and Dr. Milne wish the electors to believe that if they were sent to Ottawa they could shape the Liberal tariff so as to favor the British Columbia farmers with protection by which they say the farmers of the rest of the Dominion do not benefit!

This is the Liberal campaign song at Ottawa:

Unfold the grand old banner boys,
By Tory traitors furled;
And shout our rousing battle cry
"Free Trade with all the world!"

Mr. Laurier said at London that what Canadians needed was markets, markets, markets.

How will cutting down the protective tariff wall and letting in a flood of foreign products give them markets, markets, markets?

Will it reduce the duties the United States levies against Canadian goods?

Will it help the sale of Canadian merchandise in Europe, Asia, Africa, America or anywhere?

Will it not give foreigners a share of Canada's home market without securing any return?

EXTENSIVE INSURRECTION.

The Whole of Mashonaland in Revolt—Whites Murdered—A Long Warfare Certain.

LONDON, June 21.—Concurrent advices from Capetown are to the effect that the whole of Mashonaland is in insurrection. Troops have been hurriedly shipped at Capetown to go by way of Berra to relieve the British. Throughout Rhodesia the British only hold territory within a mile of the forts. Settlers everywhere have been murdered by the Matabeles. Troopers already in the country find great difficulty in conducting operations, owing to the deficiency of food and horses. A long and desultory guerilla warfare is certain. This will involve the expenditure of funds from the imperial exchequer and the subsequent abolition of the charter of the British South African company.

Despatches received here from Bulawayo show that the revolt of natives in the Umptali district of Matabeleland is of a most serious nature. The bodies of thirty or forty murdered whites have already been discovered. The patrols have sent word to the settlers, who have been ordered to Fort Salisbury, which itself is considered to be in danger. Sir Francis Carrington is sending reinforcements, and has asked the authorities of Cape Colony to dispatch a force of 200 mounted infantry to the scene of the disturbance.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

N. Y. "TRIBUNE" CABLE

Impatience Over Lord Salisbury's Venezuelan Policy—Balfour Unequal to the Situation.

The Queen's Sixtieth Anniversary—Chinese and Japanese Diplomats in Germany.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The London correspondent of the New York Tribune cables his paper as follows: The reported skirmish between the Venezuela guards and the Guiana surveyors has increased the feeling of English impatience over the deliberation of Lord Salisbury's diplomatic methods. His reply to the delegation on the subject of arbitration is accepted as evidence of a sincere desire on his part to bring about a comprehensive treaty with the United States, but the prospect of the speedy accomplishment of that result becomes discouraging in the eyes of the general public, which does not enjoy the advantage of being able to see behind scenes more remote, when he magnifies difficulties and pleads for delay. It is argued that a settlement of the Venezuela question has been made with the Cleveland administration which raised and emphasized it, and not with the incoming McKinley administration, which cannot be expected to take any lower ground on the Monroe doctrine than was occupied in the December message. It is considered that the new Republican government cannot repudiate Mr. Cleveland's Venezuela message, and that something will have to be done with the report of the commission. No policy which Lord Salisbury could adopt would be more popular in England than an honorable settlement of the Venezuela question and the creation of a permanent arbitration tribunal.

Some great stroke of this kind is almost necessary in order to restore the diminished prestige of the Unionist government, to whose failures abroad are added blunders at home. Mr. Balfour, with an immense majority behind him, and with the Irish vote secured in advance for the education bill, has not shown how to lead the house and prevent the collapse of the legislative programme. The members following him, accustomed to habits of discipline, heard his proposal for an adjournment from August to January without objecting to it; but they are now in full revolt against it, since they perceive the impracticability of enacting the education bill in that way. The cabinet meets today to pull itself together and suggest a new method of dealing with the crisis. Probably the education bill will be reduced to a simple measure for giving financial aid to voluntary schools, and passed in that form, with one or two other measures. Then the Unionists will open the next sessian by proposing a comprehensive reform procedure for the House of Commons. Lord Rosebery and the Liberals contend that nothing useful can be accomplished until the House of Lords is reorganized or reformed out of existence. Mr. Balfour and the Unionists, realizing that the majority of over 150 is helpless for the transaction of business, hold that nothing can be done until the procedure of the Commons is revolutionized.

Sir William Harcourt has been in fine fighting form during the week, leading the opposition with aggressiveness and wariness. His greatest triumph was scored when as leader of a minority weak in number, he offered terms of peace to the helpless majority, the acceptance of which was urged by so old-fashioned an organ of Toryism as the Standard. Mr. Morley has also been highly effective out of parliament, subjecting the government to the most destructive criticism, and denouncing Mr. Chamberlain for his desertion of free trade.

Mr. Chamberlain himself came to the rescue of the government yesterday in an adroit speech, in which he sought to minimize the difficulties of the situation. Sir John Gorst is really responsible for the present difficulty, since he produced the measure for unsettling every question settled by Mr. Forster twenty-six years ago and revolutionizing the administration of the entire school system, but Mr. Balfour suffers more than anybody else from the legislative block. The tactics are his, and these could hardly have been worse.

The jubilee celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of Lord Kelvin's appointment to the chair of natural philosophy in Glasgow University, was a splendid tribute to the greatest man of science in England. Nothing was lacking to demonstrate the respect and affection with which he is regarded at home and abroad. All the honors and compliments showered upon him were received by the benignant philosopher with characteristic humility. It was an object lesson in modesty from one of the wisest men of modern times.

The Marquis of Salisbury's reply to the deputation from the International Arbitration League is regarded as the most encouraging utterance on the subject ever made in England.

The Daily Chronicle says: "If the Marquis of Salisbury succeeds in concluding an arbitration treaty with the United States he will place his name in history on a pinnacle so high that no achievement possible to his career and position could ever have enabled him to attain."

The sixtieth anniversary of Queen Victoria's accession to the throne was observed yesterday with the usual hoisting of flags and ringing of church bells. The Lord Mayor, Sir Walter Wilkins, unveiled a statue to the Queen at the Royal Exchange.

The official investigation of the loss of the Drummond Castle will not be an arduous affair, since only three survivors remain to tell the little they know about the deplorable calamity. The charts indicate clearly that the vessel was out of her course and running directly toward the rocks.

Germany has been feting Li Hung Chang in an unusual manner. His reception by the Emperor William on Sunday was more impressive and pompous than anything of the kind in years past. His Majesty personally paid the greatest attention to the Chinese statesman, giving special orders that he be shown everything in Germany which he desires to see on his round of visits to the industrial, naval and military institutions, including the model fortifications of Thorn and Kiel harbors. The Krupp works occupied the attention of Li Hung Chang to-day, after which he went to the Vulcan yards at Stettin, where he will be banquetted. The distinguished traveller will visit Prince Bismarck soon. The latter, however, being unequal to long interviews has countermanded all receptions of delegations during the summer. Next week Li Hung Chang and the German government will enter into negotiations in regard to the increase of import duties and other matters.

Marshal von Bieberstein will attempt to obtain Li Hung Chang's consent for the establishment of large German mercantile settlements in Chinese ports, especially Canton and Swatow with exclusive German jurisdiction. The simultaneous presence in Germany of Marshal Yamagata and Li Hung Chang is embarrassing the Foreign Office. The Emperor William and Prince Hohenlohe have shown the Japanese soldier some attention, but the Marshal is evidently disgruntled at the yellow wave which is flooding Silesia where numbers of Chinamen employed at farm work are replacing the Russian and Polish hands. A Berlin firm is supplying Chinese coolies to Silesian land owners at 25 cents per day.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Conservative Candidates Continue to Find Favor in Burrard and Westminster.

Splendid Gun Practice by Mr. Featherstone—Christian Endeavorers—The Bridge Scheme.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, June 21.—In Burrard district those who were opposing Mr. Cowan seem to have gone to pieces at the last, and a whole squad of them have deserted to Mr. Cowan. It is a question of Mr. Cowan's workers getting out the voters.

R. D. Featherstone broke the Pacific coast record at the practice shoot of the gun club yesterday, hitting 49 birds out of a possible 50.

The score of the Westminster rifle teams was: No. 1, 864; No. 2, 683.

A man was robbed of $90 by a flim-flam game close to the ticket box at the circus last night by a man representing himself as selling tickets for the circus. When the police came he was gone.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMISTER, June 21.—It is said that every meeting for the past week has been decidedly in favor of Mr. McBride. In a marvellous manner Mr. McBride has kept the party together since Mr. Hutcherson retired in his favor, and if his supporters continue to work as they are doing, he will be elected.

The Christian Endeavor association was in session all day yesterday. The addresses were of unusual interest. Delegates to the number of two hundred had their photographs taken yesterday. The picture will be an appropriate souvenir of the gathering.

The Bridge Committee held an organization meeting yesterday. Mayor Shiles was appointed chairman, and Clerk Glover secretary.

John E. Lord died yesterday morning, aged 62 years. Mr. Lord served several years ago in the city council, and always took a great interest in civic and public affairs. He was also one of the Cariboo pioneers, being engaged also in the mining and packing business.

THE GOLD PLATFORM.

Its Adoption by the Republicans Looked on With Apathy in London.

LONDON, June 20.—The result of the Republican convention at St. Louis was generally expected here, consequently the definite announcement of the nomination of Governor McKinley for the presidency of the United States on a gold platform was regarded with comparative apathy. Financial circles, however, do not regard the outlook as improved to such an extent as to justify jubilation. The foreign relations plank of the platform is viewed as being of a highly militant character, and apparently it has made investors here somewhat nervous.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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Deer Park, Poorman,

Only first-class properties handled. my31

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Shares in the War Eagle, O.K., Josie, Iron Mask, St. Elmo, Monte Cristo, Evening Star, Georgia and other Crown grant properties for sale. Shares bought and sold.

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(Mem. N. Eng. Inst. M. & M.E.)

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Mill tests made up to 2000 lbs. | VANCOUVER, B.C.
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Crown Point Gold Mining Co., Trail Creek

Is one of the soundest companies and best mines in the camp.

President—John A. Finch, Esq.

Development work is going on at a rapid rate and on the first of the month they will commence to ship ore, and from that time on the company expect it will pay its own way. It is a perfectly sound investment and will yield handsome results. No treasury stock after this month.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.,
Sole Agents.

MONTE CRISTO.

The development of this property is being pushed for all it is worth. Very expensive and complete machinery is now ordered and will be in place in a few weeks. Franck C. Loring is manager.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.,
Agents.

ST. ELMO.

This mine was shut down all winter and as a result this stock was not very active. Mr. Franck C. Loring has now assumed the management. A fine new ledge has been uncovered and shipping ore found. Shipments of this will be made in a few days.

The above stocks are the kind we most desire to push. Sound investments at low prices. Remember, Josie, O.K. and others were selling at 20 cents not very long ago, and they are mines to-day. We have shares in almost every mine for sale and maps every day, but we specially advise the public to buy those particularly mentioned. We have sold several thousand lately.

H CUTHBERT & CO.
je13

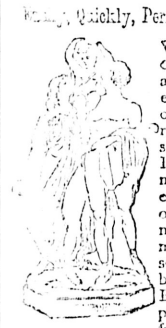
FOR SALE.

A portion of the N. and S. Saanich Agricultural Society's land in S. Saanich, containing 64 acres, more or less; about 20 acres clear; never failing stream of water. For further particulars apply to the Secretary.

H. F. HALDON,
my6-2m Turgoose, P.O.

LOSS OF MEN

Quickly, Permanently Restored.



Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early error or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

In the Matter of "The Winding Up Act," and amendments thereto, and the Companies Act, 1890, and of an Application to wind up The Slocan Store Company, Limited Liability.

Notice is hereby given that by an order made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Drake in the above matter, dated 30th day of May, 1896, on the petition of Michael McAndrews, of Sandon, B.C., it was ordered that the said Slocan Store Company, Limited Liability, be wound up under the provisions of the Winding Up Act, and that all suits, actions or other proceedings against the Company should be stayed, and by the said order George S. West, of Sandon, aforesaid, accountant, was appointed provisionally liquidator of the said Company, without security.

MCPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
je2-3w Solicitors for the said Petitioner.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

GARDENER wants situation; experienced man; conservatory and outside. Understands horses and cows. Gardener, Colonist office. je 21 2t

WANTED—Single man to work on farm; wages $25 a month and board. Scotchman preferred. Apply Alexander Campbell, Craigends Gardens, Mount Tolmie. je 21-2t

YOUNG GIRL WANTED as nurse, or middle aged woman for the counter. Meet lady June 25 from 2 till 3 at Erskine & Wall's Government street. je 21-3t

WANTED—Two laborers. Apply to Victoria Chemical Works, Outer Wharf. je20-2t

WANTED—A general blacksmith. Apply to Wm. Grimm, 31 Herald street. je20-2t

WANTED—Old British Columbia, Vancouver, and Canada postage stamps at highest prices by The J. Krebs Stamp Co., 78 Nassau street, New York, U.S. je20-4t

WANTED—Willing boy, 18 to 21; must understand horses. Mr. Turner, Soho Bazar, Fort street. je20 2t

WANTED—By steady, trustworthy young man, situation in office or store; good references. X.Y., Box 114, Post Office. je19-4t

ASSISTANT buttermaker wanted; excellent opportunity for a young man of some education; small salary offered. Apply at once to Cowichan Creamery Association, Duncans, B. C. je'8

WANTED—A few first-class milking cows; state particulars and price. J. & R. Musgrave, Duncans. je16-6t

TO LET OR LEASE.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—Apply Oak House, Esquimalt road. je 21-2t

TO RENT—First class furnished house (five rooms), close to town, at a moderate rent. Apply to Pemberton & Son. je 21

FURNISHED house to let on Battery street, near Beacon Hill Park, 8 rooms, kitchen and bathroom, with piano; for 9 months or a year; rent very moderate. A. W. More & Co., agents, 70 Douglas street.

COMFORTABLY furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen if required. 139 Michigan street. je20-2w

COTTAGE at Gordon Head to let for two months. Geo. Shedden, 16 Trounce ave. je17-2t

SUITABLE for four gentlemen, the whole of a second floor to let; four large well furnished rooms, and bathroom with w. c.; lovely situation; breakfast if desired; terms very moderate. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. je11-2w

TO LET—A five roomed cottage; bath, etc.; rent $7 per month, including water. Two four-roomed cottages, $4 per month, including water. Apply 1 Clark St., Spring Ridge. je14 1m

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished rooms for rent, single or in suite; also housekeeping rooms. Apply Mrs. F. B. Willinms, Balmoral. je7-tf

TO BE LET—Modern 7-roomed house, five minutes from Post Office; moderate rent. Apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government st. je2-1m

COMPLETELY furnished house to let; hot bath. Apply 91 Fort street. my31-tf

TO LET—Either singly or en suite, at low rents, well lighted rooms over Jamieson's Bookstore, Government street. Apply to W. H. Langley, 52 Langley street. mv21-1m

FOR RENT—Large front room, suitable for two; every convenience; breakfast if desired. Apply 5 Queen's avenue, near Government street. de24-tf

FOR SALE.

TENT, with fly, for sale cheap. Apply Janitor, Board of Trade building. je 21-2t

FOR SALE—Real estate snaps—Six-roomed cottage and lot on Pandora street, $900; 7-roomed house, and lot 65x120, on Cormorant street, $1,800; 7-roomed house on Carr street, $1,550; 2 fine corner lots Dallas Road and Carr street very cheap; a nice cottage on Stanley Avenue open to an offer. A. W. More & Co., real estate agents, 70 Douglas street.

FARMS FOR SALE—A very fine farm near Cowichan station 207 acres, 40 cleared; good dwelling and farm buildings, $7,000; 160 acres near same station, a few acres cleared; house and buildings; price $700; on terms to suit purchaser. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A first rate family cow, just calved. Apply C.B., this office. je20-3t

PIANO—Must be sold at once. Hardaker's auction rooms. je20 2t

FOR SALE—Three acres choice land adjoining the city limits, $275 per acre. Pemberton & Son. je17-5t

PIGS—Pedigree Berkshires for Sale. Apply Rosedale, Turgoose P. O., S. Saanich. je7-1m

FOR SALE—Two-storey brick dwelling, all modern conveniences; with eleven rooms; will be sold cheap; parties leaving town. Apply at Rice Mills. James Townsley. je3-1m

RANCH FOR SALE—South Saanich, 63 acres, of which 30 cultivated; with modern, well-built house and other improvements. Particulars from Geo. Shedden, 16 Trounce avenue. my31-tf

FOR SALE—Cows first-class milkers; also fine span mules, 16 hands. Apply John Richards, grocery store, James Bay, or E. Dunderdale, Hal & Goepel, 100 Government street. ap12-1msw

FOR SALE—Best household Coal and Wood at market prices. Apply Flint & Prossor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MINING SHARES FOR SALE in all the principal Trail Creek mines at lowest market quotations. A. W. More & Co., mining brokers, 70 Douglas street.

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria real estate. A. W. More & Co., mortgage brokers, 70 Douglas street.

TRAIL CREEK MINES—We have one of the best stocks in the market, and the papers to prove it. Call at Lee & Fraser's, Trounce avenue. my23

MISS GERTRUDE MARRACK (late of Australia and San Francisco) is prepared to give lessons in all branches of vocal music, and will make a special feature of voice building; lessons also given to advanced piano and organ pupils. Office hours 10 to 11, Lombard's Music Store, Fort St. Residence Roccabella. my24-1m

FISHING—STAGE AND CANOE—A stage will leave Duncan on arrival of morning train on Saturday for SETLAM, giving fishermen the opportunity of a day's fishing, and returning by canoe down the river in evening. Fare for the round trip, $3.50. For special trips and rates apply at Pioneer Livery Stables, Duncan je2-1m

LOANS

Eight-year plan, *interest and principal payable monthly*, on improved city property. The Provincial Building and Loan Association are prepared to advance money through us on this plan. Loans on the ordinary plan effected. SAVINGS—60 cents and upwards can be invested to good advantage in the above Association. Full information given on application. *SWINERTON & ODDY*, 110 Government St. ap25-1m

HANG WO HING KEE,

Importer and dealer in

Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods.

New goods just arrived.

No 31 Cormorant Street, Victoria, B.C.
P.O. Box 832. oc27

GEO. A. SARGISON,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant and Agent.

No 48 Langley Street.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

VANCOUVER DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN:—The Dominion Elections are at hand, and it will be your privilege and duty to elect a member to represent you in the House of Commons

I have the honor to be chosen by a large portion of the electors from all parts of the district to become a candidate for the office that must be filled.

The most important subject before the public at the present time I think is the Tariff question. In reviewing the Budget Speech of the Finance Minister, we find that the Liberal Conservatives were returned to power with a large majority in 1878, and the fiscal policy of the party was the cause of that change. This policy has been carried out since that time and has been endorsed by the electors in 1878, 1882, 1887 and 1891, and the policy in the future is to be that of the past—a reasonable protection of Canadian interests. The great aim of the Liberal Conservatives has been to encourage home industries, and we are all well aware that this could not be done without moderate protection, and on this particular question the electors from the Atlantic to the Pacific will pronounce their verdict in June. We find that this is the great question that the Liberal party expect to centre their arguments on. The country is flooded with the literature of that party, which will deceive the unwary if possible, and make them believe that the Liberal Conservatives are the most corrupt government on the face of the earth. Since 1891 we find that the government has been gradually reducing the tariff upon all articles that are in general use by the working classes in the country. We see in the Finance Minister's Budget speech (Hon. Mr. Foster) that the articles such as tea, coffee and tin were entered free of duty, which means that the government were considering the interests of the masses, and we find right along, year by year, duties struck off articles which were a great burden to the people; and we are promised that the same policy will be continued until we have every article in general use reduced so that we will have just enough protection to keep our neighbors across the border, or any other country, from getting any undue advantage over us. We are all aware that the policy of the United States is a high protective one. They are not in favor of reciprocity, preferential trade they care nothing about, unless it is to their advantage. They will give no preference to us, and what are the Liberal party advocating—free trade, free trade, a tariff for revenue; in fact, when we find the Liberals at their best their policy is nothing more than what the Liberal Conservatives are carrying out at present. Hear what we have from one of our local Liberal papers:

"A tariff readjustment does not mean the wanton destruction of the industries for the mere sake of carrying out a revolutionary programme. The object is to help the industries of the country."

And yet on the other hand we hear them crying from one end of the country to the other, the policy of the Liberal Conservatives in protecting our natural industries is giving the manufacturers all the benefits—that they are the only ones reaping the rich harvest. It is impossible for any government to become perfect in a year, or even 20 years. They are finding out daily what is the best for the great mass of the people, and I am glad to see that there are such promising signs that they will be returned to power by an overwhelming majority. To those of us who have lived under the reign of the Liberal Conservative government, during the last 17 years, and who have felt the great benefits by the gradual reduction of the tariff, no argument to the contrary will convince us that free trade will be a change for the better. I say Canada for the Canadians first, last and all the time.

The Manitoba School Question is the subject that the Liberal party are expecting to ride into power by. On this question I desire to give my humble judgment, so that those who have given this undesirable question little consideration may see that British fair play will prevail at last. When Manitoba received her Constitution in 1870, the rights of Manitoba were protected by law. The minority at that time were the Protestants. After a number of years the separate schools did not give justice to all. They were found to be a great burden on the poor farmers and the taxation became heavier on one portion of the people than the other. The schools were not up to the standard of our public schools, the teachers were below the standard, a spirit of dissatisfaction reigned amongst the majority, who had by this time become Protestants, and the Manitoba Legislature passed the State Schools Act. In passing that act I consider that they did not give the minority that consideration that the Maritime and Eastern provinces had done. That was the right time the question should have been settled. After six years litigation we find that it has become a national question. Remedial legislation as brought in by the government has not been endorsed by the country. The Liberal party have been divided on the question as well as the Conservatives, and the conclusion that the wisest men in the country have come to is that the Manitoba Legislature will have to settle the matter in an honorable manner to all concerned. I could not support Remedial Legislation as brought in by the government, but would support any measure to give justice to all concerned, so long as the public school system is kept intact. Hon. Mr. Laurier, while in B.C., said on two occasions while here that we had the *best school system* in the country, and commended our province highly on its advanced school system. Having such testimony (and I believe he meant all he said) I have no hesitation in saying we have about as perfect a school system as there is in any country.

In coming to provincial matters I believe we are on the threshold of a prosperous future. Our mineral resources, from our borders to the Arctic Ocean, indicate that we have untold wealth within our reach. Being alive to those facts, it is our duty to advertise our resources; to encourage English capital to come and develop our mines of precious metals. The federal and provincial governments must do their parts also, and it will be the duty of the members elected to Ottawa to see that justice is done.

I am in favor of the subsidizing of the C.W.R. to a reasonable extent, and endorse the action of the B.C. government on this question.

The extension of the E. & N. R. should be carried out at once, and the necessary appropriation should have been granted at the last session of our Dominion Parliament.

The farmers of our district will require the earnest attention of the local member considering the scattered condition in which they are placed along our coast, and on this Island.

Markets require to be established in all our principal cities, facilities for getting to those markets, and reasonable rates by railway and steamers should be given. As the government have to assist in this line, it is only reasonable to expect that they will grant every facility in their power, and which I shall feel it my duty to urge, should I have the honor to be elected.

Our Postal system requires investigation. The growing needs of all parts of our district by railways and steamers are not what we require. The member for the district will be held responsible in future for attention to our various needs. Considering our geographical condition I consider that we will require best consideration the Dominion government can give, by making liberal appropriations for public buildings, and for improving our coasts and harbors.

Having been 17 years amongst you I consider I have a practical knowledge of the various wants of our district. If elected I will devote my whole time to working for the best interests of all; to unite and bind together all classes, and capital and labor in all its branches, and will not commit myself on any great measure brought before parliament, without consulting the electors of the district. In conclusion, I ask for the support of all who desire the prosperity of our country.

Yours respectfully,
JAMES HAGGART.

Wellington, B. C. May 4, 1896. my20-d-w

WANTED—Teachers and College students, men or women, to engage with us during vacation, at something entirely new. Can pay as high as $200.00 for the full term. Scores having operated during vacation, have engaged permanently on our staff, to their great benefit, and some have made fortunes. Do not doubt until you find out the facts, and that will cost nothing. Address immediately, The Bradley-Garretson Co., Ltd., Brantford, Ont. je10

MATERNITY HOME for married ladies, 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro bay road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Pemberton road.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco is our authorized agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect, corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. Established 1863.

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO.,
VICTORIA, B.C.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes. fe1

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

MRS. MARSHALL

Has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style and perfectly fitted. de1-tf

MUSICAL.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

MR. A. F. OWEN,

Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturers of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore. fe5

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty fe1

PAINTERS.

R. LETTICE, dealer in paints, oils, varnish and window glass; agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel. No. 40 Fort street. mr17

PHYSICIAN.

DR. H. J. FLEISCHER (Deutscher arzt) Specialty—Surgery and genito-urinary diseases. Office, Gottstein Block, Seattle, Wash. Office hours 12 to 4 p.m.; Sundays 12 to 1 p.m. se22-3m

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger 236 Yates street.—Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo Munro's, 89 Government street; Speed Bros, corner Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, corner Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER HAS THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA

THE WAY TO A MAN'S HEART

Is through his stomach, so if you would have your husband cheerful, loving and kind, do your baking with

White Star Baking Powder

WHICH ALWAYS

PRODUCES PALATE-PLEASING PASTRY.

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On any approved security. Business strictly confidential. Private entrance Pandora street.

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He is acknowledged to be the most successful Specialist of the age in the treatment of all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of both sexes. Lost Manhood, Vital Losses, Exhausting Drains, Impotency and all Sexual Disorders of YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN a life-long study and practice. Prompt and permanent cures guaranteed. Thousands of genuine testimonials on file. WRITE. All letters confidential. Address

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ap1-d&w

OUR FUTURE DESTINY.

Shall We Sacrifice It by a Change of the National Fiscal Policy?

Important Deliverance by Mr. Carscallen, a Converted Reformer of Prominence.

One of the most active workers in the present campaign on the Conservative side is Mr. Carscallen, Q.C., of Hamilton, late president of the Liberal Association of that place. That gentleman is in great request as a speaker, and singular to say that Reformers as they are still called in Ontario listen to him most respectfully and most attentively. The readers of the COLONIST can judge of the style and the quality of his speeches by the following passage which has been taken from the Spectator's report of a splendid speech which Mr. Carscallen delivered in Elmira:

The decision on the system of the present policy involves the future destiny of this growing country. Its reversal or change in the direction of free trade would lead to deep and general distress, general bankruptcy and national ruin without benefit to any part of the Dominion. Its retention and support will maintain the existing prosperity and will preserve and augment it, and the nation will continue to advance in wealth, power and greatness without prejudice to any section of the Dominion. In 1878 this country, by the introduction of the protective system, was transformed from gloom and distress to brightness and prosperity, and the advance which the country has since made in every direction is owing to the work of parliament passing the acts fostering Canadian industry instead of allowing it to be controlled by foreign powers cherishing foreign industry. What shall be gained by the introduction of a policy which will have the effect of breaking down our iron foundries, our woolen, cotton milling and other manufacturing industries, the destruction of which would undoubtedly lead to the sacrifice of immense capital, the ruin of many thousands of our fellow-citizens, and great loss to the whole community? The present policy protects the manufacturer, the artisan, the mechanic, the farmer, the merchant, the business man, the laborer all alike. The establishment and encouragement of domestic manufactures is conducive to the interests of the state by adding new incentives to industry and as being the means of disposing to advantage the surplus productions of the farm. The question, therefore, which we are now called upon to determine is not whether we shall establish a new and doubtful system of policy which we are asked to consider, but whether we shall break down and destroy a well-established system carefully devised and sanctioned again and again by the nation, and upon the faith of which immense capital has been invested. What does the Liberal party seek, namely an immediate or gradual destruction of our present system, and what is their substitute—free trade. It never will exist. Trade employs at least two parties. To be free it should be fair and equal. Will the United States admit our goods to their markets free of duty? We may break down all barriers to free trade on our part, but the work will not be complete until foreign powers shall have removed theirs. Should we break down our present system there would be freedom on our side and restriction and exclusion on the other. It is idle for us to endeavor to persuade other nations to join with us in adopting the principles of what is called free trade. To introduce anything like free trade would give our markets over to foreign manufacturers and prevent us making progress in manufacturing industries. When the system of reciprocity and free trade, many years ago, had been proposed to a French ambassador, the remark was that the plan was excellent in theory, but to make it fair in practice it would be necessary to defer the attempt to put it in execution for half a century until France should be on the same footing with Great Britain in marine, in manufactures and in capital. A noble lord on one occasion, a member of the British parliament, referring to the protective policy introduced by France, said that it encouraged its indifferent manufacturers, and that it was a wise policy, because if it were freely to admit the English manufactures it would speedily be reduced to the rank of an agricultural nation, and, therefore, a poor nation, as all must be that depend exclusively on agriculture. The establishment and maintenance of manufactures among us excites the creation of wealth, and this gives greater powers of consumption which are gratified by the purchase of other objects. A poor nation can never be a great consuming nation. Is the fact not indisputable that all essential objects of consumption affected by the tariff are cheaper and better since the introduction of the present protective tariff system than they were for several years before the present system was put in force? Under the operation of the present protective system the products of our agriculture command a higher price than they would do without it by the creation of a home market and by the increase of wealth produced by manufacturing industries, which enlarges our powers of consumption, both of domestic and foreign articles. The importance of a home market is recognized by all writers and all men whose opinions are worth considering. The most efficient of all the causes in reduction of the prices of manufactured articles is competition. By competition the total amount of the supply is increased, and by increase of the supply the competition in the sale ensues, and this enables the consumer to buy at lower rates. Of all human powers operating on the affairs of mankind none is greater than that of competition. Competition, therefore, wherever existing, whether at home or abroad, is the apparent cause of cheapness. The repeal of the present system would induce the importation of foreign articles in vast quantities, glut our markets, break down our establishments, and ultimately enable the foreigner to monopolize the supply of our consumption and destroy the home market for our own manufacturers, and our artisans, mechanics and all those engaged in manufacturing industries would be thrown out of employment. Money would cease to circulate freely, and values in every direction would take a great drop, and foreign labor would be employed and foreign manufacturers would profit at our expense: (1) The policy which we have been considering ought to continue and be sustained as the best policy for the country; (2) That the free trade system, which is proposed as its substitute, should be rejected as a system which benefits the foreigner and injures our own people; (3) That the present system is beneficial to all parts of the Dominion, and absolutely necessary for the great majority of the people; (4) That the price of all our chief productions of agriculture has been sustained and upheld by the present policy of protection, which affords a home market; (5) That the present system creates competition among ourselves and regulates the price of manufactured articles which have been produced by that competition; (6) That all manufactures within the protection of the policy have fallen in price; (7) That the introduction of a free trade policy would not benefit any portion of the Dominion, and would place our manufacturing, agricultural and business interests at the mercy of foreign nations, and prostration and great loss would result; (8) That the maintenance of the present protective policy will give employment to the people, to the artisan, the mechanic and the laborer, secure the highest rate of wages in return for labor, will induce the investment of capital and produce a feeling of confidence and contentment amongst the people. The danger to the Dominion does not lie in the maintenance and continuence of the present protective system. Its abandonment, its discontinuance would paralyze our industries, cause great loss of capital, destroy the inter-provincial trade which has sprung up in this country, and also the social and business relations of the people of this Dominion, and thereby weaken the compact of confederation. It would sacrifice Toronto, Montreal and Winnipeg to the business interests of Boston, New York, Buffalo, St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis. (Applause.)

FAILURES IN BUSINESS.

What a Low Tariff Brought About by Way of Insolvencies.

The Liberals are just now singing small on the trade issue in many parts of the country. In Ottawa, for example, we hear little or nothing from the canditates of the party about free trade. Mr. Hutchison is a protectionist, and it would consequently be very inconsistent of him to attack the national policy. The same thing is manifest throughout the country wherever there are manufacturing interests. This is very wise, for our experience of the past twenty-five years gives us good reason for dreading a return to the low tariff which was in force previously to 1879. To take the failure list for example. The liabilities of insolvent traders in this country was for the period 1875-9 as follows:

1875—$28,843,000.
1876—$25,517,000.
1877—$25,523,000.
1878—$23,908,000.
1879—$29,347,000.

Now here we have a period of five years in which the average amount of business failures is over $26,000,000 per annum. Let us take the five years 1891-1895 inclusive. We find that for three years the figures are as follows:

1891—$14,884,500.
1892—$11,560,210.
1893—$14,762,575.
1394—$17,724,633.
1895—$15,347,931.

The average for these years is less than fifteen million dollars per annum. Yet population has in the interval increased 35 per cent. In one decade the capital invested in manufactures more than doubled, and consequently the sum at risk in business must have vastly increased.

Mr. Laurier describes the National Policy as a system of national impoverishment. Do you agree with his opinion?

HAS BUSINESS IMPROVED?

An Emphatic "Yes" From Prominent Business Houses.

"In December, 1874, we employed 80 men, whose fortnightly wages amounted to $1,040, working full time, and business brisk.

"During the years 1876, 1877 and 1878 we ran only part time, laying off the men week about, and working on an average seven and a half hours a day, with the fortnightly pay roll varying from $203 to $349, and with no prospect to better the conditions of our men.

"In 1879 there were 79 men on the pay roll, with an increase of 20 per cent. in the men's wages over 1874.

"Now, the works have been running steadily, with a force of from 95 to 175 men, and the pay roll raging from $2,500 to $3,200 each pay day."—Statement of John Bertram and Sons, Dundas, June 11, 1896.

"In 1878 our books show 303 employes on the pay list, receiving weekly $1,154, or 62 cents a day for a day of 11 hours.

"In the same month of 1896 our list shows 1,417 employes, receiving $7,177 per week, or 83 cents for each day of 10 hours."—Mr. James Jackson, general manager of the Dominion Cotton Mills.

"Our workmen now receive from 10 to 15 per cent. more in wages than in 1878. The amount paid in wages by our company is more than double the amount of the former period."—Mr. John Macfarlane, president of the Canada Paper Company.

LAURIERITE CANDIDATES.

Dr. Guay, the Liberal candidate in Levis, is justifying opposition to the government by alleging that the ministerial remedial bill does not go far enough. All the Opposition candidates of the district are raising the same cry in the French-Canadian parishes. In company with the other leaders of his party in the district, Dr. Guay also protests strongly against the recent expenditure of three million dollars for the national defences.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE 74

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

LOANS EFFECTED, RENTS AND INCOME COLLECTED, DEEDS PREPARED, ETC.

For Sale--1388-Acre Farm

ABOUT 1000 ACRES OF WHICH IS PLOUGHABLE PRAIRIE OF FIRST-CLASS QUALITY.

120 Head of Cattle, 1 pedigree Hereford Bull. 12 Horses, Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds, and usual farm implements. Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gents'), Bridles, etc. Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools. Nine-room House, shingle roofed. Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above. Stone Root-house, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc. About 7 miles Standing Fences, in good order, Corrals, etc. Small lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc.

THIS PROPERTY is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate; one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

THE TITLE is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

THE CATTLE are well bred. A much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

THE CLIMATE is not severe. The station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

THE SOUTH-WEST KOOTENAY AND OSOYOOS Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

For Sale--20,000 Acres of Farming Land

IN CONTIGUOUS BLOCKS.

Beautifully watered, forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings; 2,000 head of cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed and most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

These localities are rapidly settling up, and as farm land is limited, great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to work these Estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

GINGER ALE.

Prize Medal, World's Fair, Chicago 1893.

THORPE & CO., LTD.

my2-tf

The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

(Incorporated 1890.)

The Sixth Annual Meeting of the donors and subscribers to the institution will be held in the City Hall on Tuesday, the 30th June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Business—Receiving the annual report of the president and directors, and the treasurer's statement for the year ending 31st May, 1896, likewise the election of directors.

The four following directors retire, but are eligible for re-election: J. S. Yates, Joshua Davies, William M. Chudley and Alexander Wilson.

Donors and subscribers can vote for four members only. The City Council nominate five (5), the Local Government three (3), and the French Benevolent Society three (3), making ing a total of fifteen (15) directors. All donors of money and subscribers are eligible to vote for the election of directors.

H. M. YATES, Secretary.

Victoria, B.C., 13th June, 1896. je13-td

RAGS WANTED.

Three Cents per Lb. paid for Clean Cotton Rags at this Office.

NOTICE—The partnership hitherto existing between Loo Oy Tang and Low Bow, under the name of Charley, as tailors, at 146 Government street, has hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by Loo Oy Tang, who will receive all money due the late firm. Low Bo, otherwise Charley. Loo Oy Tang. Victoria, B.C., June 16, 1896. je18-1m

"MASSEY-HARRIS" ...BICYCLES...

Having been appointed Sole Agents for British Columbia for this Wheel, we invite intending purchasers to call and examine them. The manufacturers have spared no expense in securing the latest and most improved machinery, the best workmen and best material, and they claim to make a Wheel second to none in the world. By special arrangement they have secured the right to make their Wheel almost identical with the superb Columbia . . . . . .

ONLY ONE GRADE, AND THAT THE HIGHEST.
ONLY ONE PRICE, $85, AND THAT TO ALL.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LD.,

Victoria, Vancouver and Kamloops.

Bank of British Columbia

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase).....£600,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE..... 100,000 $ 486,666

HEAD OFFICE, 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA: Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops and Nelson, (Kootenay Lake).

IN THE UNITED STATES: San Francisco, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma.

Agents and Correspondents: In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 *PER CENT. PER ANNUM.*

Gold Dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

UNDER and by virtue of the powers contained in certain indentures of mortgage, which will be produced by the undersigned, tenders will be received for the purchase of the following lands and hereditaments in British Columbia, namely:

1. Lots 5 and 10, of subdivision lot 1, block 1, Viewfield Farm, Esquimalt District, map 207.
2. Lot 4 of Saanich Extension to the Work Estate (Burnside road), map 110, part of section IV Victoria District, containing one statute acre more or less.
3. S.E. ¼ of section 21; S.W ¼ of section 22 and N.W. ¼ of section 9 in Township 7; and lot 37, group 1, Osoyoos Division of Yale District.
4. Lots 27 and 28, in the city of Vancouver, block 53, subdivision of lot 541, group one, New Westminster District map 210.
5. Lot 2 (Saanich road), part of lot 6, of part of section 5, Victoria District, map 441.
6. Lot 113, containing 5 acres more or less, subdivision of Lake Hill estate in Victoria and Lake Districts, map 180.
7. Part of Victoria city lot 25, having a frontage on the north side of Yates street of 30 ft., and a depth of 120 ft.; also ⅔ part lot 24 adjoining lot 25, having a frontage on Yates street of 40 feet, and a depth of 120 feet, together with the buildings on said lands.
8. Lots 2 and 11, block 1, Christ Church Trust Estate, having a frontage on Rae street and on Churchway, in the city of Victoria, of 50 feet, and a depth of 221 feet, together with residence thereon.

Tenders will be received for the whole of the above lands or in parcels as numbered.

For further particulars, terms, and conditions of sale, apply to

ROBERT CASSIDY,
Solicitor for the Mortgagees,
11 Bastion St., Victoria, B.C.

May 6th, 1896. my8-

NOTICE.

Rock Bay Bridge is closed to vehicular traffic until full examination and further notice.

By order of the Mayor.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C., May 27, 1896. my28

J. HEANEY, Truck and Drayman, office 26 Yates street; Telephone 171; Residence 19 Superior street. mr1-1m

The Colonist.

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1896.

Published Every Day except Monday by The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year, postage free to any part of Canada.....$10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week, if delivered..... 20

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

Published Every Monday and Thursday

Per year, postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States..... $1 50
Six months..... 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly n advance.

Liberal Conservative Candidates

—FOR—

VICTORIA, B.C.

HON. E. G. PRIOR,
Controller of Inland Revenue.

THOMAS EARLE.

N.B.—Each voter in this constituency is entitled to vote for two candidates.

Election Day---Tuesday, June 23rd, 1896

MR. RITHET'S LETTER.

It will have to be admitted that Mr. R. P. Rithet is as shrewd and as keen a business man as there is in this community. He is not easily deceived, and a politician would have to get up very early in the morning to make a dupe of him. As regards discernment, intelligence and business ability he is far and away the superior of Mr. Templeman and Mr. Scaife, yet both these gentlemen profess to be too wide-awake to accept statements with respect to the Government's intentions regarding the British Pacific Railway which Mr. Rithet implicitly believes and is prepared, when the proper time comes, to act upon.

Mr. Rithet's letter, which we published yesterday, shows that he has faith in Col. Prior's statement and that he believes that the interests of British Columbia will be advanced by returning both the Conservative candidates to Parliament. Would Mr. Rithet, we ask, advise the electors of Victoria to vote for Prior and Earle if he as much as suspected that either of them was trying to deceive the electors with regard to the aid proposed to be given to the British Pacific? If he had any misgiving as to their sincerity on the subject, so far from saying a good word for them he would be the first man in the city to denounce them, and he would do all in his power to prevent their being returned to Parliament.

The difference between the way in which Messrs. Templeman and Scaife and Mr. Rithet treat Col. Prior's statements with regard to the British Pacific is well worth observing. Mr. Templeman expressed his opinion of Col. Prior's veracity in the roughest and coarsest manner, though when taken to task he says he meant no offence and expects his coarse language to be understood in a Pickwickian sense. Mr. Scaife, in the Province, is if possible more offensive than his Grit co-laborer. He does not call Mr. Prior a "liar" in plain Anglo-Saxon, but he "must absolutely refuse to accept the assurances of Col. Prior" and does not "for one moment believe the Government has given any aid to the British Pacific Railway or that it has any intention whatever of so doing." These insulting expressions of unbelief in Col. Prior's word are contained in an editorial of the Province, but the disguise of impersonality is too thin to deceive the public. Mr. Scaife is responsible for every one of them.

Let us see now how Mr. Rithet speaks of the Tupper Government and Messrs. Prior and Earle in connection with the great enterprise in which he is so deeply interested. He says in his letter to Mr. Ker:

As one of the matters most seriously affecting Victoria at the present time is, I take it, the construction of the British Pacific Railway, I am rather sorry that it cannot be made a more direct question than it is at the present time and during this election. The failure of the negotiations with the local government for the money aid stipulated for by the parties who were prepared to furnish the necessary capital for building this road, has necessitated the commencement of new negotiations upon different lines, and which, up to the present time, have not reached a point to warrant me in making any definite statement. The friends of the enterprise in London are using every effort to meet the views of the local government, and should a practical arrangement result, even if special aid should be called for, I would have every confidence that Sir Charles Tupper and his government, if returned to power, would favorably consider such a proposal for so important and necessary an undertaking. I am, therefore, most anxious that this government should again be returned to power, with Messrs. Prior and Earle as the representatives for Victoria, so that they may continue the negotiations already fairly started and bring them to a successful issue. I hardly think I can say more upon this point at present.

Here there is a strong contrast. The experienced man of business who is exerting his energies to further this railway enterprise, in which the interests of Victoria are so deeply involved, believes implicitly in Col. Prior's word, and relies undoubtingly on his good faith, while the small politicians, whose only object is to obtain votes, treat Col. Prior as a deceiver and loudly and emphatically express their conviction that not one word that he says relative to aid to the British Pacific is to be believed. The electors of Victoria, without regard to party, are in a position to judge who has formed the true estimate of the value of Col. Prior's word and whose opinion as to the Government most likely to give substantial aid to the British Pacific Railway is best entitled to respect. Mr. Rithet is most anxious for the return of the Tupper Government to power, and is equally anxious that Messrs. Prior and Earle shall be the representatives of Victoria in Ottawa when the British Pacific comes up for consideration.

IT IS GENUINE.

The publication of Mr. Rithet's letter to Mr. Ker has spread consternation among the active politicians of the Opposition. For some time they apparently did not know what to do about it. At last one of the sharp ones thought that he saw a way of doing away with the impression it is calculated to make on the electors. That way was to deny its genuineness. He declared that the letter was not Mr. Rithet's at all; that it was concocted by some of the Tories in this city and foisted on the meeting as genuine. The story seemed plausible and it was passed round as the undeniable truth. It will no doubt be circulated to-day and to-morrow and some credulous electors may be induced to believe that the letter read in Saturday night's meeting is a forged document.

The yarn is of course a lie from beginning to end. The letter was sent from San Francisco to Mr. D. R. Ker and bears Mr. Rithet's signature. In order that all doubts as to its genuineness may be resolved, the letter will to-day be placed in the window of the COLONIST office. Mr. Rithet's signature is well known to many in this town, so we hope that everyone who has any doubt as to the authenticity of the letter will examine it closely and convince himself that it is genuine.

BRAGGING IN ADVANCE.

Whatever comfort the Liberal party in Canada are able to derive from a general election has to be enjoyed in advance, and therefore it is but natural to find the opposition newspapers full of vain boastings about this time. After the election, the Liberal-Conservatives usually have the field to themselves. As a rule so long a time elapses between electoral contests that the false predictions of one are forgotten before the next is about to occur; but as it is only a few months since there was a bye-election in Victoria in which two of the gentlemen now in the field were candidates, it is interesting to recall to mind what the electors were confidently told in January last. At that time, as will be remembered, there was some domestic discord in the Liberal-Conservative camp at Ottawa; and the hopes of the Victoria Grits ran so high that on the morning of election day they issued a special number of the Times to give voice to the joy they felt. "Wm. Templeman, M. P., sounds well," was one of their greetings, and in an adjoining column was the statement that: "The Cabinet of which Col. Prior supposed himself to be a member has practically disappeared, and the Colonel himself will disappear to-day as a member of parliament." It is now a matter of history that neither the Cabinet nor the Colonel disappeared, for the Times folk reckoned without their host—the electors of Victoria. Lest any should be misled by vain boasting as to Opposition prospects throughout the Dominion, we invite attention to the article on this subject reproduced elsewhere in this issue from the Montreal Gazette.

MANITOBA'S EXAMPLE.

The manager of the Ogilvie Milling Company at Winnipeg, who has agents in all parts of that province and is therefore in a position to be well informed, yesterday sent the following message:

WINNIPEG, June 21.

Hon. E. G. Prior, Victoria:

We are sure of Hugh John's election by over five hundred majority. From careful information received from our own representatives all over the province, Manitoba will elect a solid Conservative support. There appears a wonderfully unanimous sentiment developed the past week in favor of Sir Charles Tupper as the one hope for the proper development of the entire West.

F. W. THOMPSON.

Why should any British Columbia Conservatives hesitate to vote for the Government they like and the policy they approve of because they are opposed to remedial legislation, when the Conservatives of Manitoba do not allow the Government's action on the school question to stand in the way of their giving Sir Charles Tupper their hearty support? Is the Manitoba school question more to the electors of British Columbia than it is to the people of the Province of Manitoba? Let Conservatives stand by their party.

THE "BUNCO STEERER" METHOD.

As showing to what the Times of this city will stoop, the following from its issue of last Saturday is interesting:

"YOKOHAMA, June 20.—The C.P.R. Empress of China left Yokohama to-day for Victoria, and will call in if it happens to be daylight."

Cablegrams from Japan to Victoria make practically the circuit of the globe, and the most innocent of readers is not likely to believe that the cablegram as published in the Times was ever even thought of in Yokohama. The latter portion has all the earmarks of a clumsy forgery, and the majority of the electors who read it will accept it as nothing else. To offer them what is so palpable an example of the stock pre-election "telegram" written in the Times office is in itself an insult to their intelligence.

THE FINAL MEETING.

To-night the Liberal-Conservative candidates for Victoria will close their campaign, at a meeting in the Victoria Theatre. The occasion will be an important one, and it is to be hoped that persons disposed to be disorderly will receive no encouragement. Upon the verdict to be rendered to-morrow so much depends that the greatest attention should be paid to the closing words of those who seek to represent this constituency in parliament during the next five years. The Liberal-Conservatives especially should make it a point to be present to-night.

Blood purified, disease cured, sickness and suffering prevented—this is the record made each year by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Complete shaving outfits at Fox's. x

Buy carpenter tools at Cheapside. x

Conservative Platform

The National Policy.
Preferential Trade Within the Bounds of the Empire.
Fast Atlantic Service.
Pacific Cable.
Justice to Minorities.
Development of Agriculture.
Encouragement of Immigration.
Admission of Newfoundland to Confederation.
Maintenance of Canadian Credit. je19

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Gift and Juvenile Books

SUITABLE FOR PRIZES, AT REDUCED PRICES, ALSO

1 Hall's Safe and 1 Taylor's Safe

—AT—

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

HIBBEN & Co.

NOTICE.

During my absence from Victoria, Dr. C. F. Newcombe will be acting Curator of the Provincial Museum.

JNO. FANNIN,
Curator Provincial Museum.
Victoria, June 13, 1896. je16

Vancouver Jockey Club

OPENING MATINEE

VANCOUVER, B. C.

—ON—

SATURDAY, JUNE 27th.

1. INAUGURATION STAKES—
Trot for Named Horses. Mile Heats, 2 in 3. Sweepstakes of $5.00 each with $ added.
2. GREAT WELCOMES HANDICAP—
½-Mile Dash for Running Horses. Minimum weight, 140 lbs. Entrance, $5.00, with $ added.
3. JUVENILE TROT—
For three-year-olds and under. Mile heats, 2 in 3. Sweepstakes of $5.00 each with $ added.
4. SCRAMBLE PLATE—
½-Mile dash for Ponies 14.2 and under. Minimum weight, 140 lbs. Sweepstakes of $2.50 each with $ added, or plate to value.
5. FAREWELL PLATE—
½-Mile dash for Ponies 14 hands and under Minimum weight, 140 lbs. Sweepstakes of $2.50 each with $ added, or plate to value.

Entries to above close on Thursday, June 25th, to ROBT. LEIGHTON, Secretary Vancouver Jockey Club, P. O. box 668, or to E. E. Rosselli, Clerk of of the Course, P. O. box 194, Vancouver. je7

MELLOR'S pure mixed paints warranted absolutely pure; $1.50 per imperial gallon. J. W. Mellor, Fort street, above Douglas. je11-tu-th-sa

WANTED—General agent, ability not experience required; good chance for a hustler. Canadian grown stock guaranteed; apply with references. Luke Bros., Nurserymen, Montreal, Que. ap29-17t

SUMMER STYLES JUST RECEIVED.

LARGEST STOCK AND BEST VALUE IN VICTORIA.

Straw and Felt Hats, Christy's Latest.

Newest Patterns **Fancy Shirts and Neckwear, Summer Trousers,** Tennis & Boating.

CHEAP SUITS==MEN'S AND BOYS',
BUSINESS AND BICYCLE.

W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE. my14

AUCTION SALES.

H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y,

Leading Auctioneers.

FURNISHED • HOUSES BOUGHT.

62 and 64 Douglas St., corner of View.

Finest salerooms on Pacific Coast.

Joshua Davies,

Auctioneer,

Room 7, Board of Trade Building.

WM. T. HARDAKER

GENERAL AUCTIONEER,

—WILL—

Sell your Household Furniture or Stocks of any Description on Commission, or Buy them Outright to any Amount.

Consult me before disposing of your goods.

NOS. 77, 79 81 DOUGLAS STREET.

All business strictly confidential.

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants.

Office and Salesrooms, 37 and 39 Yates St.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE OF SALE BY SHERIFF.

Pursuant to the "Execution Act."

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Between A. R. Johnson & Company, Plaintiffs, and Dennis Jordan, Defendant.

In obedience to a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, Nanaimo Registry, and to me directed in the above named suit for the sum of $148 52 and $3.50, for costs of execution and also interest on $148.52 at 6 per centum per annum, from the 13th day of February, 1896, besides Sheriff's poundage, officers' fees, and all other legal and incidental expenses, I have seized and will offer for sale by public auction, at the old Court house, adjoining the Provincial Government Offices, Front street, City of Nanaimo, on Tuesday, the 30th day of June, 1896, at the hour of twelve (12) o'clock noon, all the right, title and interest of Dennis Jordan, the defendant, in the lands and property described in this advertisement or sufficient thereof to satisfy the judgment debt and costs in this action.

District.	*No. of Lots.*	*Concise Description of Property.*	*Estate or Interest.*
Mountain...	West quarter Section 20, Range 3	25 acres	Equity of Redemption.

When to be Sold.	*Where to be Sold.*
Tuesday, the 30th day of June, 1896, at twelve o'clock noon.	At the Old Court House, adjoining the Provincial Government Offices, Front street, in the City of Nanaimo.

The above judgment was registered at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, on the 14th day of February, 1896

The following charges appear registered against the said defendant and his interest in said lands:

1. 6th January, 1896, judgment of E. H. Heaps against Dennis Jordan, for the sum of $1,543.95.
2. 14th February, 1896, judgment of A. R. Johnson & Company against Dennis Jordan, for the sum of $148.53.
3. 14th February, 1896, assignment for the benefit of creditors, Dennis Jordan to John A. Please, Edward Quennell, and G. F. Kane.

SAMUEL DRAKE,
Sheriff. County of Nanaimo.
Dated at Nanaimo, the 16th day June, 1896.

MONEY MAKING AS AN APPLIED SCIENCE—The Chicago markets now offer a splendid chance for a comparatively safe investment on a careful, conservative basis. On the co-operative plan chances of big profits are largely increased. Write us for further particulars. Reliable information free on application. Monetary Grain Association, Chicago. ap8

DOMINION GENERAL ELECTION

TUESDAY, JUNE 23RD, 1896.

LIBERAL CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATES:

Hon. E. G. Prior,
Controller of Inland Revenue.

Mr. Thomas Earle.

MARK YOUR BALLOT THUS:

EARLE, THOMAS,
Merchant.

MILNE, GEORGE LAWSON,
Doctor of Medicine.

PRIOR, HON. EDWARD GAWLOR,
Controller of Inland Revenue.

TEMPLEMAN, WILLIAM,
Publisher.

☞ *EACH ELECTOR IS ENTITLED TO VOTE FOR TWO CANDIDATES.*

VICTORIA LUMBER YARD.

LUMBER.

The Victoria Lumber & Manufacturing Company, Ld.,

Have again opened their yard at Laurel Point, and are prepared to supply contractors and builders ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER in any quantity to suit the purchaser at an extremely low figure.

Call and *get prices* before buying elsewhere. We are selling for *cash only,* but you will find the price is sufficient inducement to buy from us.

Call at Our Yard, Laurel Point.

ARTISTIC • FURNITURE

—AT—

Weiler Bros.'

We have just received a carload of ELEGANT FURNITURE, comprising

FINE BEDROOM SUITES (SPLENDID VALUE), CHINA CABINETS, SIDEBOARDS, LIBRARY DESKS, BOOKCASES, ETC.

Weiler Bros., 51=55 Fort Street.

OKANAGAN FLOUR MILLS CO., Ltd

(ROLLER MILLS)

ARMSTRONG, B.C.

The above mills have commenced the manufacture of flour, etc., and offer the undermentioned brands for sale at current market rates:

XXXX FLOUR,	SUPERFINE,
HUNGARIAN FLOUR,	BRAN,
STRONG BAKERS,	SHORTS.

——For prices and particulars apply to——

TURNER, BEETON & COMPANY,

SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA. my17

At Breakfast

What is more enjoyable than a first-class cup of Coffee? Our JAVA and MOCHA fills the bill exactly. It is a choice aromatic drink . . . . . .

Erskine, Wall & Co., Grocers,

CORNER OF GOVERNMENT AND FORT STREETS.

STYLISH

Fedora and Stiff . . . HATS 10 Cases Just Opened

STRAWS 50c. EACH. SEE THEM.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

THE WESTSIDE.

"SELF PRAISE

May not be very good form," said Young Mr. Handsome, "But what's a fellow to do?" A store is in exactly the same fix. **AFTER** you've bought the articles mentioned below, you'll advertise them fast enough. But in the meantime their merits must be set forth. It shall be done, even if we have to do it ourselves.

For Summer Dresses

Every sort of fabric in White and Evening Shades, Plain and Figured. Here are qualities such as rarely have been seen sold at such prices. This season's styles of Figured Goods are a shade prettier than ever.

The Windows are Full

of handsome representatives of the lines found inside, but large as the display is, it does not give you an idea of the great variety.

Printed Lawns At 5c. Choice colors and pretty, bright patterns. Fast colors.

Ginghams, Beautiful Checked Scotch Zepher.

Ducks In Plain Colors and Fancy Printed and Checked.

Organdies, Figured Beauties in Persian Designs.

Tussore Silks At 20c. and 40c.

Blouse Silks, Striped, 15c.

Crepons, Summer Styles, 25c.

Crepons, Wool, Double Fold, 40c.

When you think of Waists, Waist Sets, Neckwear, Lace Collars, Belts and Belt Pins, we want you to think of us.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.,

JUNE 20, 1896. THE WESTSIDE.

TRY IT.

Our Delicious Ice Cream Soda, 10c.

Hall & Co., Dispensing Chemists, Clarence Block, corner Yates and Douglas Streets

A Lot

Opened to-day at Spencer's, 1,000 yards of Japanese Matting, 15, 20, 25c. yard; special value.

THE CITY.

THE funeral of the late Dr. John Lang takes place this afternoon from Hanna's undertaking rooms at 2 o'clock, and later from the First Presbyterian church.

THE midsummer closing exercises in Victoria's public schools commence to-day, in the morning at South Park school and in the afternoon at the city hall—the pupils of the North Ward school being there examined.

BEACON HILL and Oak Bay beach each claimed a large proportion of Victoria's population yesterday, the beauty of the rare June day and the music of the Fifth regiment band at the bay proving strong attractions.

AFTER being idle for over a month the steam schooner Mischief, Captain Foot, sailed for Quatsimo sound yesterday morning, carrying several passengers and a fair freight. During the past week she underwent her annual examination.

ON WEDNESDAY morning at 10 o'clock the funeral of John Campbell, late purser of the Northern Pacific steamship Tacoma, whose death occurred in the Royal Jubilee hospital on Saturday, takes place from Hayward's undertaking rooms, Government street. The funeral services will be conducted by Rev. W. Leslie Clay.

MR. HAGGART who is looked upon as the strongest candidate in the field for Vancouver district, received a very encouraging welcome at Sooke on Thursday evening, as the brief report of the meeting published elsewhere in this issue will show. On the conclusion of the meeting a resolution pledging those present to work and vote for Mr. Haggart was carried unanimously.

THE funeral of the late Mrs. A. J. Jackson took place yesterday afternoon from her husband's residence on James street, Rev. Dr. Campbell conducting the services at the house and at the grave. There was a large attendance of sorrowing friends, including the Loyal True Blue lodge, of which the deceased lady had been a member, and the Orange lodges. The pall bearers were Messrs. Lawson, McRoberts, Dunn, Duncan, J. Heaney and W. Brice.

Two little Victoria West girls shared the hospitality of Jailor Allen in the city police station on Saturday night. They had wandered down town about midnight in search of their little brother who sells papers, and when questioned told the pitiful story that they had been left alone by their parents and were too frightened to stay in the house over night. Officer MacDonald took compassion on the children and taking them to the city lockup secured for them a comfortable bed.

SINCE Saturday evening special meetings have been in progress with the Salvation Army, being led by Ensign Barr of Spokane. Lectures with stereopticon illustrations on "Darkest England" are given by the Ensign, the object being to raise funds for the benefit of the Food and Shelter Home and other purposes. The method employed for obtaining the money is to distribute what are called "grace before meat" boxes for the weekly collection of small amounts from the citizens. Of the money thus collected 80 per cent. goes to the Food and Shelter Home, 10 per cent. towards the dress of the officers and 10 per cent. to defray expenses in the manufacture of the little tin boxes, etc.

THE spring assizes at Nelson were held before Mr. Justice Walkem on Monday last when a true bill was brought in by the grand jury against Morrison and Cummings, for claim jumping. The accused pleaded not guilty and were defended by Mr. F. B. Gregory. The trial resulted in an acquittal. O'Connor against whom a true bill was also found, for wounding with intent, has been pronounced insane and will be sent to the provincial asylum. Langtree, charged with shooting with intent was found guilty and sentenced to two years' imprisonment to date from the time of his arrest. A number of civil cases most of them mining suits will probably occupy Mr. Justice Walkem's time at Nelson for another week. Messrs. W. J. Taylor, E. V. Bodwell and F. B. Gregory of Victoria; A. J. McColl, Q.C., Westminster; Charles Wilson, Q.C., and E. P. Davis, Q.C., of Vancouver and most of the Nelson barristers are engaged as counsel on these cases.

THE services at the First Presbyterian church yesterday were of a special character, it being the last Sunday of the fourth year of Rev. Dr. Campbell's pastorate. Rev. P. H. McEwen preached in the morning and Rev. Dr. Campbell occupied the pulpit in the evening.

DIFFERENCE of opinion. Guesses all the way from 200 to 2,000 have been made at the block of soap at S. Reid's. What is your estimate? One guess for every cash purchase of one dollar for the high grade Swell Special bicycle; lady's, gentleman's, boy's or girl's. x

FROM all quarters of Vancouver district come encouraging reports of Mr. Haggart's campaign, his plain business-like presentation of the policy of the Conservative government, and his incisive analysis of the so-called policies of the opposition commanding the attention and respect of his audiences in all parts of the district.

THE late Thomas Pearson was buried yesterday, the funeral taking place from the residence, Oak Bay avenue. Rev. J. C. Forster read the services at the house and at the cemetery. Out of respect for the deceased many of the post office employes attended the funeral, and the pall-bearers were all letter carriers. They were Messrs. J. G. Taylor, A. Molpas, F. Tubbs, F. Kay, H. Wager and F. Smith.

ON leaving the harbor last evening the steamer City of Kingstone met with a mishap to her steering gear. The wind was very high for a time, and for upwards of half an hour the vessel found it hard to keep from going ashore. It is said by some that she did touch land, but whether or not, the steamer was evidently not much injured, and at nine o'clock was proceeding to the Sound, leaving the harbor stern first.

THE excursion steamship Queen sailed for Alaska at 9 o'clock last night. All her staterooms are filled and the tourists, who will enjoy the eight day northern cruise in the magnificently appointed vessel come from all parts of the country. Several embarked on the ship here bringing the total number of passengers up to over 130. As freight the steamer has very little general merchandise, but carries a shipment of several thousand feet of lumber to be discharged at Juneau. This is the Queen's second excursion of the season.

LATE on Saturday night the Grotto, on Trounce alley, was visited by a local Bill Sykes. Mr. O'Brien was at the time of the adventure seated in one of the back rooms attached to the saloon, the establishment having been closed for the night. He heard the back door open quietly and someone came in. Believing it to be one of the bartenders he did not investigate for a few moments, and then much to his surprise discovered an absolute stranger ransacking the cupboard in the passage. He had succeeded in pocketing a pair of slippers and two or three odds and ends, and was in the act of increasing his booty when called upon to halt. Steve promptly collared him and compelled him to disgorge his plunder which he reluctantly did, admitting that he had come to burglarize and was caught in the act. He was dismissed with a parting kick and the advice to get out of town at once.

Beware of roorbacks. The Grits are desperate, and ready to resort to any kind of trick to gain the votes they so badly need.

Democratic Convention at Chicago. Round trip $71.50, via Great Northern. x

DOMINION

General Elections.

The Headquarter Committee Rooms for supporters of Hon. E. G. Prior and Mr. Thomas Earle are at The Conservative Club, corner of Broad and Fort Streets (entrance on Broad street). The Club premises are centrally located and comfortably fitted up, and are supplied with all leading daily and weekly newspapers, magazines, etc. The Club is open from 8 a.m. to 11 p.m., and during the election campaign all supporters of the Liberal Conservative party are invited to avail themselves of its privileges. my20

FLYERS OF THE WHEEL.

Fast California Riders Now In the North and Expected Here on Saturday.

A Clever Trick Cyclist Coming to Victoria—Fresh Honors for B. H. John.

Among the fast crack-a-jacks in attendance at last Saturday's race meet of the Professional Cyclers' Association of Portland were Evans, Freeman, Terrill and Staver, of the Bay City Wheelmen of San Francisco, Campbell and Schoonmaker, the Spokane flyers, and half a dozen first class Oregon men—with all of whom the Victoria Wheelmen's club are now in correspondence with the object of securing their presence at next Saturday's race meet at Oak Bay. For this attraction a programme of eight races has been decided upon, with $350 in prizes; and as Wellington has a $600 meet on Dominion Day and Vancouver holds races on Thursday next, it is altogether probable that the string will follow the three-meet circuit through, finishing their northern jaunt in Tacoma on the 4th proximo.

Campbell and Schoonmaker have already entered for the races here, and it is not at all likely that the others would allow them with the Deemings and Rucker to have everything their own way where so much good money is to be won.

At this next local race meet, the club will introduce between races an exhibition of trick and acrobatic bicycle riding by one of the best fancy riders on the continent—a more expert performer than even the wizard of the wheel Prince Wells or the veteran Fred. Merrill, the latter of whom is bringing this star here.

The amateur races on the card for Saturday will include the usual novice mile, 2-3 mile open, mile open, 2.45 class mile, and two miles open; while the professional events are 1-3 mile, one mile and two miles.

Below is given a summary of Saturday's results at Portland, from which Victorians may obtain an idea as to the relative merits of the Southern flyers:

Half-mile professional—W. D. Evans, Bay City Wheelmen, San Francisco, won; H. B. Freeman, B. C. W., second. Time, 1:09 4-5.

Half-mile amateur, paced—Carl Abendroth, Multnomah A. A. C., won; J. C. Morgan, M. A. A. C., second. Time, 1:06 1-5.

One mile professional—J. F. Staver, B. C. W., San Francisco, won; M. J. Lee, Portland A. C., second. Time, 2:40 4-5.

One mile amateur paced—J. C. Morgan and A. B. Mitchell, M. A. A. C., rode a dead heat. Time, 2:22.

Two miles professional—J. F. Staver, B. C. W. won; J. M. Campbell, Spokane A. A. C., second. Time, 5:51.

ROCKY POINT THEIR DESTINATION.

Seven members of the V.W. C. yesterday took a run to Rocky Point, finding the roads in excellent condition and enjoying the charming June day to the utmost. Included in the party were B. Taverner, W. Hewartson, S. Jones, W. Allison, M. Hutcheson, Geo. Mellor and H. G. Lincoln.

THE GUN.

JOHN TAKES FIRST MONEY.

In the annual tournament at the traps of the Sportsmen's Association of the Northwest, just brought to a conclusion at Spokane, B. H. John of this city, who had already won the individual championship of the Northwest, succeeded in winning first money in the match for the Globe trophy, the possession of that handsome and much-prized souvenir going, however, to Considine of Spokane. Captain Miner of Seattle was first on the general averages, while F. S. Maclure of this city stood sixth in the long list. It is a peculiarity of the shooting of the now champion, Mr. John, that he usually shoots steadier and more effectively when in a large tournament than when at home, and with some small contest in which to employ his skill. Instead of going to pieces under the excitement of finishing an important and very difficult match, the strain upon his nerves appears to brace them.

A COAST RECORD ESTABLISHED.

At the Terminal City, on Saturday last, R. D. Featherston, of the Burrard Gun Club, is credited with having established a record for the Pacific Coast, breaking 49 out of 50 birds at the regulation rise—unknown traps and angles.

AT THE OUTER DOCK.

Two Big Ocean Liners Will Be in Port Today En Route to the Orient.

Two big Oriental liners will be at the outer wharf on their outward voyages to Japan and China to-day, and in the arrival of one of them much interest centres. This is the Empress of Japan, Capt. Lee, R.N.R., which will leave the Terminal City upon the arrival of the Eastern mail to-day, and dock at the outer wharf some time about 7 p.m. The saloon passengers leaving for the Orient by her are as follows: H. Sugihara, Baron Hickey, Alex. Flinsch, W. H. Percival, Mr. and Mrs. S. Rosendale, F. W. Bird, W. J. Bird, Mr. and Mrs. Clark and Master Clark, Miss Officer, Mr. and Mrs. Shekler, Prof. Christie and party, Bishop Joyce, and Miss Joyce, the Hunt party, Mr. and Mrs. Hoy and children, Mrs. E. B. Gainewell, Miss Bell, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Bell, Capt. Hill, Professor Turner, Mr. and Mrs. Saunders, Baron and Baroness Von Heyking, J. B. Glossage, Mr. and Mrs. Delmidge, S. Officer and J. Officer. The other vessel due to arrive is the opposition liner Olympia. She has an immense cargo from the Sound made up as follows: One thousand four hundred tons of flour, 125 tons of which is consigned to Johannesburg, South Africa; 430 cases of condensed milk, from Elgin, Ill.; 3,000 bales of sheeting, from Bacolet, Graniteville and Newberry, South Carolina, and Darlington, North Carolina; a dozen bicycles, a few tons of electrical machinery, etc., making up a total dead weight of 2,600 tons.

PERSONAL.

Hon. A. N. Richards returned last night from Harrison Hot Springs.

F. C. and Miss Gamble were passengers last night from the Mainland by the Charmer.

W. C. Heilbron and H. T. Nommenser, of Seattle, are among the guests at the Driard.

E. J. Strelov, Seattle, and W. L. Livingstone, Vancouver, are registered at the Driard.

Cecil W. Ward, of the legal firm of Fulton & Ward, Kamloops, arrived in town last night.

Hon. J. H. Turner and Mrs. Turner arrived home last night from a visit to the interior of the province.

W. H. Redmond, of the Vancouver branch of the Ames-Holden Co., came over by the Charmer last night.

E. Hutcherson, of Ladner's, arrived in town on Saturday night on his way to California, where he goes for the benefit of his health.

For Rain or Shine.

That's what those Gloria Silk Umbrellas were made for, and they're more popular this season than ever. Forests of natural sticks in nature's own twisting. Pretty Dresden handles also in new shapes, and the prices, they'll be right; we've looked to that for you.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.,
The White House.

...DOMINION...

General Election,

...1896...

HON. E. G. PRIOR,

Controller of Inland Revenue, and

MR. THOS. EARLE,

The Liberal-Conservative Candidates for Victoria, B.C., will address a

Public Meeting

Of the Electors of the constituency

TO-NIGHT

AT VICTORIA THEATRE,
Chair taken at 8 o'clock.

Besides the Candidates, addresses will be delivered by

MR. CLIVE PHILLIPPS WOLLEY,
MR. ROBERT CASSIDY,
MR. A. E. McPHILLIPS,
and others.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

VICTORIA

Roller Flour Mill

VICTORIA, B.C.

BEST FAMILY FLOUR, XXX Brand.

SUPERFINE FLOUR,

WHOLE WHEAT MEAL, Recommended by the Medical Profession.

GRAHAM FLOUR,

SELF-RAISING FLOUR, Prepared on Scientific Chemical Principles, and no deleterious substances used in its manufacture. No Baking Powder, Yeast or Salt required.

GROUND FEED,

BRAN, SHORTS, ETC.

RICE MEAL AND CHIT RICE.

If your Grocer does not keep these in stock, write direct to the Mill.

125-d&sw

The Sterling Dry Goods House,

88 YATES STREET.

JUST RECEIVED—A FINE LINE OF

LADIES' BLOUSES, SUNSHADES, PRINTS, LACE CURTAINS AND TOWELS.

Best value for your money in the city. Call and see for yourseves.

J. H. WARK, - - - - - MANAGER.

ap14

Pianos

The foremost Pianos manufactured in Canada are

The Heintzman & Co

AND The Nordheimer.

The names they bear are synonymous with everything that goes to make a truly high class Piano.

M. W. Waitt & Co.

64 Government Street, Sole Agents.

Also the famous ESTEY American Organs.

THE

Nest Egg

Mining Co'y,

Limited Liability.

A Certificate of Improvement has been issued by the Gold Commissioner for The Nest Egg Mineral Claim, and a Crown Grant will at once be given. This was wired by Premier Turner to Mr. G. A. Kirk, President of the Company. There can now be no further question with regard to the title.

W. H. ELLIS,
Secretary-Treasurer.

je18

Patronize Home Industry.

BUY BRITISH COLUMBIA CREAMERY BUTTER.

The finest in the market. Try it and be convinced. Each block marked M. & E. A full stock always on hand at

IDEAL PROVISION STORE,

No. 96 Yates Street. D. R. Pottinger, Mgr.

ap24-tf

DROP A POSTAL CARD

—TO—

Thos. Bradbury's Monumental Works,

Corner of Cormorant and Blanchard streets, if you want to see designs of Statues, Monuments, Headstones, Crosses, Cappings, Vaults, etc. First-class stock and cheap prices. je2

Cocoa.

At the repeated request of many customers we have placed in stock a full line of Cocoas, which include, among others, the following well known brands:

Cadbury's,
Van Houten's,
Rowntree's,
Baker's,
Fry's and Epps'.

Also a line of Bulk Cocoa at 30c., 40c. and 50c. per pound.

VICTORIA TEA HOUSE,

No. 79 Government Street, Corner of Trounce Avenue.

No Canvassers.

Wading Trousers, Stockings, Brogues,

OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES.

CHARLES E. TISDALL

VANCOUVER, B.C. ap3-5m

B. C. POTTERY CO., Ld.

Office Cor. Broad and Pandora Sts., Victoria.

FLOWER POTS

At manufacturer's prices. Fire Brick, Fire Clay Flue Linings, Brick Paving for sidewalks. All kinds of Sanitary Salt-Glazed Sewer Pipe and Fittings, Agricultural Drain Tile, etc. my10-1m

FRESH COWICHAN CREAMERY

From the Cowichan Creamery,

FOR SALE AT

FELL & CO.'S, FORT ST.

je12-tf

Stub's Vegetable Blood Purifier—the best remedy. x

THE BEAUTY OF SOME BOOTS IS ONLY POLISH DEEP.

See that you select a SLATER SHOE from our stock that is Beauty, Comfort and Durability all through—linings, stitching and all. We've got them in Black and Tan, all shapes and weights. Also several cases of Tennis and Sporting Shoes at the best prices. . .

A. B. Erskine,

CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

DELICIOUS AND PURE. OKELL & MORRIS'

SEVILLE ORANGE MARMALADE

Manufactured from this season's oranges. It is the best offered in British Columbia. *EVERY GROCER KEEPS IT.*

ASK FOR OKELL & MORRIS.' IT IS THE PUREST AND BEST.

IT'S HIGH TIME TO QUIT.

Reports that from everywhere spring, tra la,
Give no one much trouble to trace;
Like the mud which the Liberals sling, tra la,
They come from a most shady place.
But people have opened their ears and their eyes
To Liberal posters and Liberal lies.

Chorus—
And that's why we sing, as securely we sit,
'Twill be time for all men who are honest to quit
If (as is very unlikely) Victoria goes Grit.

Report said that Laurier was in, tra la;
Report called Bowell a liar.
Yet we hailed a Conservative win, tra la,
And a Cabinet Minister—Prior!
What happened last winter will happen this June—
The very same dancers, the very same tune!

Chorus—
And that's why we say, as securely we sit,
To Milne and his allies: "It's high time to quit,
For this good little island will never go Grit."

So, Templeman, off! Get back to your leaders;
You've talked us all deaf, and you're dry as a kiln.
Get back, too, most vain of professional bleeders;
Take your pill and be silent, most volatile Milne.
We don't want to die of Free Trade in the neck,
And we won't have the silver-tongued son of Quebec.

Chorus—
And that's why we sing, as securely we sit,
To Milne and his allies: "It's high time to quit;
This country is never, will never be Grit."

NEW BRUNSWICK SOLID.

The Province by the Sea Conservative—Affairs in the Constituencies Reviewed.

MONCTON, June 20.—Among the recent developments in Eastern and Western New Brunswick it is to be noted that Hon. O. J. LeBlanc, who is opposing the re-election of George V. McInerney in Kent County, has declared that he will not only support remedial legislation, but that he will support the Conservative government if it has a majority in the next house. Mr. LeBlanc was nominated as the French Acadian candidate and endorsed by the Liberals, the majority of the electors of Kent being French-Acadians, while Mr. McInerney is an Irish Catholic. Mr. LeBlanc is supported by two of the three members of the local house, Barnes, English, and Leger, French-Acadian, while Mr. Johnson, the other French-Acadian local member, who led the poll in the provincial election last year, is stumping for McInerney. The majority of the French-Conservatives, it may be said, are supporting McInerney, while the Liberals are supporting LeBlanc. The former will, it is thought, be elected by a good majority, unless the Protestants, who are about a third of the electorate, desert him on the school question. In Albert, Dr. Weldon has declared himself in thorough accord with the Government on all questions, except remedial legislation. His opponent, Dr. Lewis, who resigns his seat in the Local House, has not yet held any meetings, but says he will support whichever party has a majority, relying on his personal popularity among Conservatives and the Liberal support, which he will get as far as "the machine" can give it. There is little doubt of Mr. Powell's election in Westmoreland by a majority of 800 or 1,000 over his Liberal opponent, C. W. Robinson. In Northumberland, the late member, James Robinson, and the veteran Peter Mitchell, are in the field. There are also three candidates in Gloucester, Blanchard, the late member, Conservative; Turgeon, Liberal, and Young, Independent. The latter may not go to the polls. In Restigouche, the Liberal candidate, Mr. Haddow, is making a much stiffer fight than was anticipated. Speakers, French and English, have gone into the county from a distance for both sides. The Liberals have been making a dead set on the French districts in the county, and a good deal will depend on the result there. The preponderance of opinion, however, is that the late Conservative member, McAllister, will have a good majority, though he may get a smaller proportion of the vote in the English than in the last election on account of his support of remedial legislation. Of the six counties in this district it will be seen that the Liberals have no straight party candidate in two, and it is extremely probable that a solid government contingent will be found in the next parliament.

A SHABBY TRICK.

The Montreal Gazette says:—The Herald has also gone into the business of manufacturing encouragement for its rattled party by misrepresenting the views of leading merchants. On Saturday it contained an alleged interview with Mr. L. Gnaedinger, the well known fur dealer, in which that gentleman was represented as saying that the condition of business in Montreal was worse now than it was in 1878. Mr. Gnaedinger is himself authority for the statement that he never conversed with a Herald reporter on any such subject, and adds that his last resort for business improvement would be to go to the Liberal party. It would be better for the Herald to imitate its superior in craft, the Witness, which attributes its fabricated interviews to "A Prominent Citizen," or "A Disgusted Conservative." The plan of giving names draws too much attention and brings out contradictions.

DOMINION TAXATION.

When the Grits tell you that you are taxed to death by the N. P., read this little table to them. It shows the average tax per head, for ten years, from 1882 to 1892, for the several countries named:

Great Britain	$ 9 70
France	13 20
Germany	6 79
Italy	8 96
Spain	8 85
Portugal	7 16
Holland	9 08
Austria	15 00
Argentine	13 50
United States	5 05
Canada	6 00

Some very handsome umbrella stands and jardinieres, just opened up by Weiler Bros.; you should hasten to make a purchase. x

WHAT THEY SAY.

No Mistake About the Liberal Leaders' Hatred of Protection.

"The hon. gentleman desires to know our policy.

"I will tell the hon. gentleman what has been our policy from first to last.

"Our policy from first to last has been to destroy this villainous protection system, which has been grinding out the vitals of the people of this country.

"I do not care in what particular way the reptile is destroyed.

"I do not care whether it is cut off by the head or the tail, or in the middle.

"I do not care whether it is by free trade, positive or absolute, or by revenue tariff, or by continental free trade."—Sir Richard Cartwright, 1893.

We will not stop until we remove the last vestige of protection."—Mr. Laurier in 1895.

"We shall give you free trade, and although it will be a hard fight, we shall not give in one inch, or retrace one step, until we shall have reached the goal, and that goal is the same policy of free trade as it exists in England to-day."—Mr. Laurier in 1894.

"My policy from first to last, ever since this infamous system was put upon the statute books, has been to do away with protection—how, I do not care."—Sir Richard Cartwright.

Then rally to riddle protection,
And shoulder to shoulder we'll stand;
We'll gather from every direction,
From seaboard and lakeside and land.
—Toronto Globe.

TESTIMONY OF A FORMER LIBERAL.

If the Custom Tariff Were Removed It Would Destroy Our Industries.

"He had not at first been a believer in the national policy. He did not believe it could develop industries to the great extent that it has done.

"He broke with his old party on the policy of unrestricted reciprocity, and in that had only followed the great leader, Edward Blake.

"The national policy had developed what were to him unexpected results, and he now heartily supported it.

"Seeing the great interests at stake, the great measures contemplated, including the Pacific cable, preferential trade, and especially the measures affecting this constituency, he felt that the electors of St. John should see that the government is sustained and that so far as St. John and the winter port measure is concerned, it is not wise, as a great American said, to swap horses in crossing a stream. (Loud applause.)

"As to the national policy, if protection were removed, our great cotton, iron and other industries could not exist.

"When the U. S. tariff was reduced after Cleveland's election there came a period of great depression and disastrous failures. If the Canadian tariff were removed this same result would follow here.

"It would mean disaster for those with capital invested and for the workingmen as well."—George McLeod, ex-M.P., who contested St. John against Sir Leonard Tilley, and was one of the Liberal Leaders in New Brunswick.

WHAT THE N. P. HAS DONE.

A Concise Statement of the Benefits That Have Accrued From It.

The following is a concise statement of some of the results of the National Policy which the Liberals have stated their determination to destroy:

It has increased the deposits in the chartered banks of Canada from $63,227,935 in 1878 to $180,664.139 in 1895.

It has increased savings banks deposits from $14,128,185 in 1878 to $57,578,981 in 1895.

It has increased the number of passengers carried by rail from 6,443,924 in 1878 to 13,987,580 in 1895—an increase of 237 per cent.

It has increased the freight carried from 7,833,472 tons in 1878 to 21,524,421 tons in 1895.

It has increased the facilities for internal communication by 9,834 miles of railway and given us the most complete system of canal and water carriage in the world.

In ten years it has increased the amount of capital invested in Canadian industries from $164,987,423 to $354,620,750.

It has increased the number of those employed in these industries from 254,894 to 370,256.

It has increased the wages paid to citizens from $59,401,702 to $100,663,650.

It has increased the home market for farmers by $39,524,307.

It has increased the exports of farm produce from $32,028,611 in 1878 to $50,106,898 in 1895.

It has induced the people to buy the products of their own factories and their own farms, and to purchase from foreigners only that which cannot advantageously be produced at home.

This is the system which the Liberals would destroy if given the opportunity.

LAURIER'S SCHOOL POLICY.

Speaking at Quebec on May 9, 1896, Messrs. Templeman and Milne's leader, Hon. Wilfred Laurier, said:

"If the people of Canada carry me to power, as I feel convinced they will, I will settle this question to the satisfaction of all the parties interested. I will have with me in my government Sir Oliver Mowat, who has always been in Ontario, at the peril of his personal popularity, the champion of the Catholic minority and of separate schools. I will put him at the head of a commission where all the interests at stake will be represented, and I assure you that I will succeed in satisfying those who suffer at present. Is not the venerated name of Mr. Mowat alone a guarantee of the success of this scheme? And then, in the end, if conciliation would fail, I would have to exercise the constitutional recourse which the law furnishes, A RECOURSE WHICH I WILL EXERCISE COMPLETELY AND IN ITS ENTIRETY." tf

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

Tory or Grit,

It doesn't matter which you are, you will want to "keep cases" on the general election.

Rautenberg's . . . .
Election Return Score Cards

Are just the thing. Complete printed list of all the constituencies in Canada, with results of last general election and blank spaces left for you to fill in with result of the next. "The whole thing in a nut shell." Price 15c. each.

Jamieson {Books and Stationery, 61 Government Street.

JOHN BRYDEN, M.P.P., PRESIDENT. G. A. SARGISON, SEC.-TREAS.

Quadra Mining and Milling Company

LIMITED.

Head Office—Victoria, B.C. Mines—Mineral Hill, Alberni, B.C.

Capital, $500,000, in Shares of $1.00 Each.

DIRECTORS—Jno. Bryden, Esq., Geo. Alan Kirk, Esq., Thos. Shotbolt, Esq., J.P.
SECRETARY-TREASURER—Geo. A. Sargison, 48 Langley Street.

The above Company was formed for the purpose of purchasing and developing the Ophir and Last Chance mineral claims, which have been acquired, and the Quadra mineral claim has since been secured by the Company. These claims surround the southwestern end of the Consolidated Alberni group of claims, and comprise altogether about 130 acres of ground. An undertaking has been entered into with the E. & N. R. R. Co., for the purchase of this land. The Consolidated Alberni are now down fifty feet on their ledge, and the vein which was 18 inches on surface, has now widened to six feet of solid free gold quartz, which, in many recent assays has varied from $500 to $1,500 per ton in gold. There are several ledges on the Quadra Co.'s. locations, and on one of these a shaft is down twenty feet and shows up a quartz vein two feet in width, which has assayed from $8 to $24 per ton in gold. In appearance the quartz is exactly similar to that of the Alberni mine, and it is expected that further sinking and stripping will prove the existence of a large body of rich gold quartz. Work is now progressing on the property, and as soon as the road now being built up Mineral Creek by the government is completed—thus enabling the cheaper transportation of supplies—a larger staff of men will be placed at work.

The mines were purchased by the issuance of paid-up shares to the vendors, and 150,000 of these will be sold and the proceeds handed over to the company for the purpose of developing the mines. A block of 25,000 shares is now offered to the public at the rate of fifteen (15) cents per share, payable as follows:—5 cents on application, 5 cents in one month, and 5 cents in two months from date of application.

The management of the Company's affairs is in the hands of careful and responsible men, and investors can feel assured that their interests will be thoroughly protected.

Applications for shares may be made to the following brokers: Beaumont Boggs, Swinerton & Oddy, Lee & Fraser, Geo. Shedden or to the undersigned.

GEO. A. SARGISON, Sec.-Treas.,
48 Langley Street.

Seagram's Whiskey.

SOLE AGENTS:

R. P. RITHET & CO'Y

Je3

AMERICAN LINE.

New York to Southampton.

SS. NEW YORK.....Sailing July 8, 10 a.m.
SS. ST. LOUIS.....Sailing July 15, 10 a.m.

And every Wednesday thereafter.

For rates and accommodations apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent,
no27-6m Cor. Fort and Gov't Sts., Victoria.

Look for them:
Ask for them:
E. B. EDDY'S
MATCHES.

We can say without hesitation that our stock of summer curtain goods cannot be beaten. Our line of art cretons came direct from Liberty's and comprise the latest effects of that school. Weiler Bros. x

BELLINGHAM BAY S. & T. CO'Y.

Victoria-Whatcom Route.

STR. ISLAND BELLE

Leaves Whatcom on Wednesdays, calling at Roche Harbor, Friday Harbor, West Sound and East Sound, connecting at Sidney with the V. & S. R.R. afternoon train for Victoria.

Returning leaves Sidney on Thursdays, calling at way ports and making close connections at Whatcom with the Great Northern and C.P.R trains, north and south, and with steamers for up-Sound.

For freight and passenger rates apply to
JOS. KILDALL, General Manager, Whatcom.
or to
T. W. PATERSON, General Manager V. & S. R.R., Victoria
no23-tf

PACIFIC COAST SS. CO.

Despatch a Steamer every five days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf, at 8 p.m.

City of Puebla, June 26.

FOR ALASKA.

Alki, June 9.
City of Topeka, June 16, July 1 and 16.
Queen, June 6 and 21, July 6 and 21.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director and Embalmer
52 Government Street, Victoria.
The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

American Waterbury Nickel Alarm Clocks.....$1.00
Ansonia Alarm.....90c.
(Guaranteed two years.)
German Alarm Clocks.....70c.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ YATES STREET,
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years. ap4

TENDERS.

TENDERS

Are Requested for that Splendid Residence No. 318 Douglas Street (Close to Fountain). About One Acre of Land.

Owner will be in attendance from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. each day until June 30th, at noon, when tenders will close.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Persons desiring a comfortable home will do well to call and inspect this property.

For particulars apply to
BEAUMONT BOGGS,
je19-td 28 Broad Street.

Provincial Gaol at Victoria.

TENDERS, endorsed "Gaol Supplies," for the supply of Bread, Beef, Groceries, Clothing, and Coal, for the use of the said institution, from the 1st day of July next to the 30th day of June, 1897, will be received by the undersigned up to Thursday, the 25th June.

Samples of Groceries, Clothing, etc., can be seen at the Gaol, Topaz Avenue. Tenders to state price of coal per ton of 2,000 pounds. All supplies to be delivered at the Gaol without extra charge.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Oatmeal, Brooms, Brushes, and all articles required for use in this contract to be of Provincial manufacture as far as practicable.

F. S. HUSSEY,
Supt. Provincial Police, and Warden of Gaols.
June 4th, 1896. je6-tf

NOTICE
MORTGAGEES' SALE.
Stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a chattel mortgage dated 8th December, 1893, made by Thomas L. Browne, in favor of Thomas B. Pearson, and assigned to Thomas G. Mason, the stock of clothing and gents furnishings, and trade fixtures in the premises known as 82 Douglas street, Victoria, has been taken possession of and will be sold en bloc by tender at so much on the dollar inventory cost price, amounting to $7808. Tenders will be received up to noon on Saturday, 20th June, 1896, the highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Inspection of stock and inventory can be had on application to Thomas G. Mason, 18 Broad street, or to

THORNTON FELL,
His Solicitor, 50 Langley street.
Dated this 9th June, 1896. je10-10t

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
June 10th, 1896.

NOTICE.

DISPUTED LANDS IN RAILWAY BELT.

Kootenay District.

Lot 6, Group I., Townsite of Farwell—Original grantee, Arthur Stanhope Farwell.

Lot 7, Group I.—Original grantee, Gustavus Blin Wright.

Yale District (Kamloops Division.)

Lot 513, Group I.—Original grantee, George Bohun Martin.

Lot 526, Group I.—Original grantee, Gustavus Blin Wright.

Lot 497, Group I.—Original grantee, Gustavus Blin Wright

Lot 529, Group I.—Original grantees, James McIntosh, William Bell Wilson.

Lot 452, Group I.—Original grantee, George Byrnes.

Lot 525, Group I.—Original grantee, Charles Edward Perry.

Lot 528, Group I.—Original grantee, William Arthur Beddoe.

Lot 496, Group I.—Original grantees, Simon John Tunstall, James K. Callbreath.

Arrangements having been made between the respective Governments of the Dominion of Canada and the Province of British Columbia whereby owners of lands in above-named districts deriving their titles through original grantees from the Provincial Government may obtain confirmatory grants of said lands from the Dominion Government, notice is hereby given that all persons owning lands as aforesaid are requested to forward their applications for such grants forthwith to the undersigned, together with their title deeds or authenticated copies thereof, in order that the same may be examined, and releases and surrenders prepared for execution.

ARTHUR G. SMITH,
je12-1w&sw-2t Deputy Attorney-General.

Sequah's Remedies

Can be obtained from your Chemist.

Take No Substitute.

Don't forget these Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other.

Sold by all Chemists and Direct from Langley & Co.

TAKE NOTICE—Re Giacomo Bossi Estate.—Mr. S. Perry Mills must be consulted by all persons having any dealings in connection with the property formerly belonging to the above estate, and no contract or liability made or incurred by the undersigned, or either of them, will be recognized or sanctioned unless approved and countersigned by Mr. Mills.

Dated 21st day of May, 1896.
EMMA C. WALD.
my22-1m ANGELICA P. BOSSI.

NOTICE.

Mr. J. Auld Wilson is no longer authorized to transact any business in our name or on our behalf. We also had his written undertaking, when we retained his services, not to engage in business of the same nature after leaving us.
je6 HERBERT CUTHBERT & COMPANY.

Land Registry Act

Lot 305, Victoria City.

Notice is hereby given that a certificate of Indefensible Title to lot 305, Victoria City, will be issued to Alexander Roland Milne on the 1st day of September, 1896, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B.C.
27th May, 1896. my28-3m

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

THE ONLY TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

Running Through Trains from the Pacific to Atlantic } **WITHOUT CHANGE** {First-Class Sleepers and Tourist Cars

Boston . . . .
Montreal . . .
Toronto . . .
St. Paul . . .
Minneapolis .

THROUGH THE GRANDEST SCENERY ON THE CONTINENT.

For particulars and all information apply to
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Cor. Fort and Gov't Sts, Victoria.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From all European Points.

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan Line	Numidian	July 25
"	Parisian	Aug 1
Dominion Line	Labrador	July 25
"	Angloman	Aug 1
Beaver Line	Lake Ontario	July 29
"	Lake Superior	Aug 5

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line	Umbria	July 25
"	Lucania	Aug 1
American Line	New York	July 29
"	Paris	Aug 5
White Star Line	Adriatic	July 29
"	Germanic	Aug 5
Red Star Line	Noordland	July 29
"	Friesland	Aug 5
Anchor Line	Circassia	July 25
"	Anchoria	Aug 8
North Ger. Lloyd	Aller	July 25
"	Saale	July 28
Allan State Line	Nebraska	July 24
"	California	Aug 24

FOR LOWEST RATES, berths, tickets, sailing lists and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S.S. Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

O. R. & N.

E. McNEIL, RECEIVER.

—AND—

UNION PACIFIC.

(THE OVERLAND ROUTE)

S. H. H. Clark, Oliver W. Mink, E. Ellery Anderson, John W. Doane, Frederic R Coudert, Receivers.

IS THE DIRECT LINE

TO THE EAST

—VIA—

SALT LAKE CITY,
DENVER,
OMAHA, OR
KANSAS CITY.

LOW RATES TO ALL EASTERN CITIES.

Ocean Steamers leave Portland every five days for

SAN FRANCISCO

European Steamship Tickets for sale via all lines.

For full details call on
R. HALL, Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.
Or address
W. H. HURLBUT, Gen. Pass. Agent, Portland, Oregon.
ap24

EAST AND SOUTH

—VIA—

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

TICKETS TO ALL POINTS IN THE WORLD

via the following popular routes:

SHASTA—Through Oregon and California, passing Mount Shasta.
OGDEN—Through Sacramento, Salt Lake and Denver.
SUNSET—Through Los Angeles, El Paso and New Orleans.

THE ONLY ALL-RAIL LINE TO

CALIFORNIA.

Excursions every five days to all points in California.

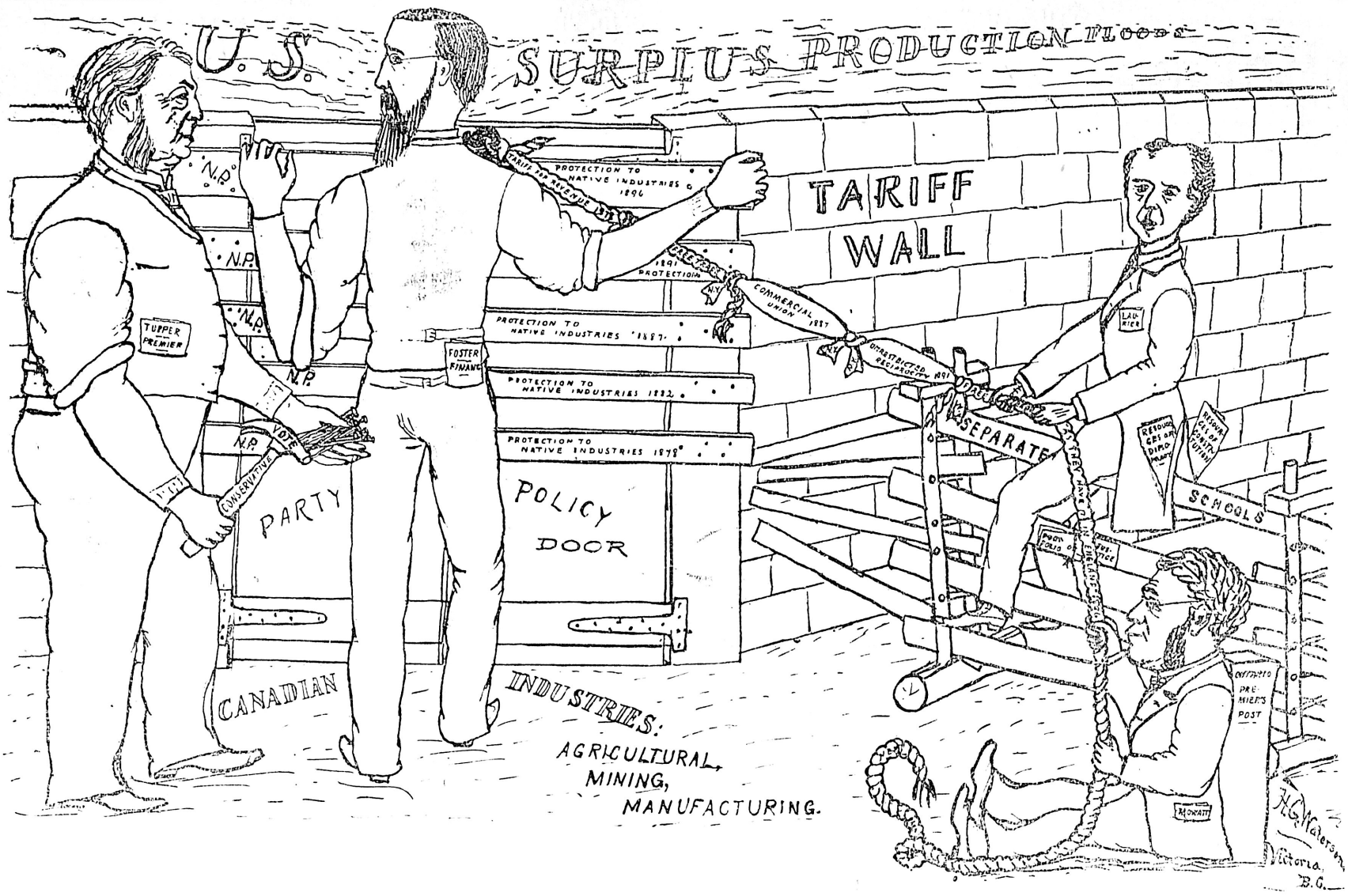
Lowest Rates! Quick Time! Best Equipment!

For general information concerning rates or sleeping car reservations, call on or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. and Freight Agent, 619 First ave., Seattle, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, A. G. F. & P. A., Portland.
my21-tf

NOTICE.

Fisguard Street, between Douglas Street and Blanchard Street, Stanley Avenue, between Bodwell Street and Cadboro Bay Road, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
je20 City Engineer.



THE UPS AND DOWNS OF POLITICS:

CONSERVATIVE POLICY:—"BUILD UP."

MASTER-BUILDER TUPPER:—We have good spikes here, Foster—Preferential Trade, National Defence, Fast Atlantic Service, Pacific Cable, Justice to Minorities, Development of Agriculture, etc.,—no danger of them breaking!

ASSISTANT FOSTER:—You are right Sir Charles. They are British steel, and made in Canada.

LIBERAL POLICY:—"PULL DOWN."

BOSS OBSTRUCTIONIST LAURIER (on the fence, as usual):—Come, Sir Oliver, and help pull down the works those Conservatives have been building for the last 18 years. There's a little billet on the string for you, if we succeed.

CANNY SIR OLIVER:—You have my sympathy, Mr. Laurier, and I'll do all I can to help; but owing to the state of my spine I can't leave my post, at present.

A BAKER'S DOZEN.

Only a Handful of Electors Attend the Liberal Meeting at Metchosin.

They Are Treated to Nothing New in the Speeches of Grit Champions.

The Liberals held a meeting at Metchosin on Saturday at which the attendance numbered only thirteen or fourteen, and even of these the great majority were favorable to the Liberal-Conservative cause by the hearty cheers given for Messrs. Prior and Earle at the close of the meeting. Mr. Templeman was not present, Dr. Milne, Messrs. Marchant and Ledingham being the speakers for the Liberal side, while Mr. W. H. Hayward put in a telling little address for the Conservatives. Mr. A. J. Fraser occupied the chair.

Ald. Marchant, the first speaker, announced himself a champion of Liberalism. Regarding the Manitoba school question, he tried to make the audience believe that, in spite of the fact that British Columbia was supreme in educational matters, the Dominion might interfere with her rights in that respect sometime. While denouncing the Dominion government for their position on the school question he made out that he was strongly in favor of upholding the terms upon which any province entered confederation. He next turned to the trade question. The Conservative party claimed to be the friends of the farmers, (Hear! Hear!) but it really was the Liberals who assisted them. The Conservative party, he held, were not protecting the farmer, but the Liberals would keep up protection.

Mr. W. J. Ledingham spoke of himself as a small farmer and a small manufacturer. The benefits of protection were, he said, more imaginary than real. He noticed that to a certain extent mining machinery was free to encourage mining, but he could not see why that was done when he could not get axle steel free. He went on to argue that partizan feeling was too strong, and traversing the arguments that the Liberals have been using on the school question said he was sure if remedial legislation was passed it would result in separate schools being introduced into British Columbia.

On being asked by the chairman if anyone wished to speak in the Conservative interest, Mr. W. H. Hayward came forward. Quite contrary to Mr. Marchant, he said he believed that the trade and not the school question was the great issue before the electors to-day. Then he ran over the numerous changes that the Liberals had made in their vacillating policies, stating that even in the present election in the East they were free traders and out here Mr. Templeman and Dr. Milne were talking protection for the farmers. The Liberals were one thing in one part of the country and another thing in another part—just for the purpose of catching votes. He proceeded to show how the tariff on agricultural produce was a benefit to the farmers of Metchosin, especially as regarded oats and potatoes. Mr. Hayward then took up the school question pointing out that it was a matter of simple justice, and the keeping of the compact made with Manitoba at the time she joined the confederation.

Dr. Milne the last speaker claimed that the opposition policy was not vacillating and asked the old question: "Has the National Policy made you rich?" He repeated his former remarks on the trade and the British Pacific Railway questions, and like Mr. Marchant, spent a considerable time on the Manitoba school matter.

It was midnight when the meeting adjourned, after a vote of thanks to the chairman, and cheers and counter cheers for the rival candidates.

BE ON YOUR GUARD.

Why the Electors Should Regard With Absolute Distrust All Campaign Statements of the Opposition.

Some years ago Mr. William Templeman was a candidate in Victoria against Col. Prior. He received so few votes that his deposit was forfeited. The Times of the following day, March 6, 1891, said:

"The average voter is the reverse of pervious as touching his skull. He must be approached from other directions. The methods of the 'bunco steerer' must be practised on him.

"The Times distinctly announces right here that not until Col. Prior's voice gives out will it make a point of appealing to the reason of the mob."

In pursuit of the policy above outlined in his newspaper, Mr. Templeman's friends have carried on a singularly disgraceful campaign. Don't be "approached." Don't be deceived by opposition inventions.

"IF AND WOULD."

TO THE EDITOR:—Like Miss Dartle I only ask for information.

"If" the lists sought to be obtained by Mr. Richards, or Mr. Templeman, were the property of the Liberal-Conservative Association,

"Would" an unauthorized employe of that Association have been a thief if he had taken and sold them?

"If" Mr. Richards, or Mr. Templeman, had succeeded in procuring them from such employe,

"Would" Mr. Richards, or Mr. Templeman, have been a receiver of goods well knowing them to be stolen?

"If" the receiver of stolen goods is as bad as the thief,

"Would", there be any moral difference between such dishonest employe, and the receiver?

"If" such conduct is dishonest,

"Would" it be justifiable to assume that he who is dishonest in small things is not to be trusted in great?

"If" such are the ethics of the Liberal party,

"Would" it be advisable to place in the hands of that party one's future for weal or woe? FIAT JUSTITIA.

The Electors should be on their guard against lying rumors. To-day and to-morrow all sorts of stories will be circulated with the hope of influencing the votes of the wavering. Those who are wise will believe none of the rumors raised at the last moment.

Do Not Do This.

Do not be induced to buy any other if you have made up your mind to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Remember that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures when all others fail. Do not give up in despair because other medicines have failed to help you. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully and you may reasonably expect to be cured.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, carefully prepared from the best ingredients. 25c.

You should not fail to see our stock of curtains and drapery goods; carpets etc.; the largest west of Toronto. Weiler Bros. x

Stub's Vegetable Blood Purifier—purely vegetable. x

THE NEST EGG TITLE.

TO THE EDITOR:—On May 24 last the Nest Egg Mining Company advertised that the adverses on their mineral claim had been removed, and the title to the property thereby cleared. All documents relating to the matter were recorded in Rossland and forwarded to the Gold Commissioner in Nelson on the 26th May. They remained at his office until Wednesday last, when a certificate of improvement was issued and forwarded to Victoria. A member of the Rossland Miner staff, in temporary charge of that excellent paper, for reasons best known to himself, published a false statement about the arrangements which had been made. Always willing to circulate anything false or damaging personally or against the interests of those in opposition to them, the Times and Province both reprinted this false statement. On Wednesday last Mr. G. A. Kirk, president of the Nest Egg company, wired Premier Turner, his business partner, then in Nelson, asking the reason for the delay in issuing the certificate of improvement. The reply stated that the same had been issued. As many Victorians purchased Nest Egg stock and were interested in knowing that the title to the property was clear, an advertisement was inserted in the COLONIST stating the fact over the secretary's signature.

This information, it seems, is not satisfactory or palatable to the *gentleman* who edits the Province, and in the issue of that paper of Saturday last an endeavor is made to continue the doubt in the public mind as to the title of the Nest Egg Company's property. There can be but one motive assigned for the remarks in Saturday's Province—they were dictated by pure malice. It may be that its editor has still in mind the financial and other methods followed in the Ottoman empire, and that his experience there has caused him to be suspicious of the honesty of his fellow-men; or, that having set himself up as a censor of everything and everybody, he measures all by his own standard. This, combined with a malicious disposition, will account for the many discreditable attacks upon the integrity of individuals and the honesty of organizations formed to develop the resources of the country. W. H. ELLIS.

MOMENTOUS ISSUES.

TO THE EDITOR:—At the present time it would be well for electors to consider very seriously the momentous issue of the present election as it bears on the Dominion, and this magnificent province in particular, for which capital is needed to develop its resources.

Most people know that capital is very sensitive, and to change from a strong progressive party to one like the opposition, will make capitalists timid, and keep them from sending it here. So to change the party in power, that has made the Dominion what it is, to return to the party which got into power by their opposition to the late Sir John A. Macdonald bringing in his bill for building the C. P. R., according to the bargain he made with British Columbia, will be a terrible mistake.

They got in on what was then called the "Pacific scandal." After a while, owing to the give away policy in taking off duties on foreign commodities, times got so bad that a large deputation waited on Sir R. Cartwright, (their, as they then styled him, "Heaven born finance minister,") to do something to alleviate the general distress. His reply was "the government were no more than flies on the wheel to turn it," and could do nothing. Instead of Sir John A's policy of building a through railway, they were going to use the water stretches, and have many transfers before it got to the Pacific coast. Indeed Hon. A. McKenzie said "the whole resources of the British Empire, could never build that road. But Sir John A. Macdonald brought his policy before the country, and hurled the "Incapables" from power.

And now, what can be expected from the retrograde or, rather, lack of policy on the part of the present opposition? How will capitalists like to risk their money when there is a prospect of the same state of things under Sir Richard Cartwright, as he is the back and front of the party in opposition? He will say again "the government were no more than flies on the wheel to turn it."

I venture to say they will be very small flies, like mosquitoes, and when the people have been well stung by them they will hurl them from power, as they did before. ONTARIAN.

THE BRITISH PACIFIC.

TO THE EDITOR:—The general inconsistency of the Opposition candidates and their pretended wish to forward the interests of the B. P. railway is well exemplified by their conduct at the last provincial general election.

The government policy was to give such aid to that scheme as the prospects of the province might reasonably warrant.

The policy of the leader of the Opposition was, as might be expected, precisely the contrary. His supporters numbered among them Messrs. Templeman and Milne, who, however they may talk about being in favor of construction, did all in their power to turn out a government favorable to the project, and place in control of the destinies of the province those who were antagonistic to it.

These gentlemen now claim to feel aggrieved that the machinations of their friends have temporarily laid the British Pacific on the shelf.

The Grit members in the House of Commons prevented, for a time, a Dominion subsidy being granted, and we are now asked to send to Ottawa two members who are the followers of the very men who prevented the granting of the subsidy.

That no subsidy has hitherto been granted is due entirely to the Opposition, and if the voters on Tuesday desire to kill the British Pacific railway and the fast Atlantic service, and the British ocean cable, let them vote for Messrs. Templeman and Milne, and there will be no fear of Victoria becoming the terminus of a transcontinental railway, or anything else in particular. FIAT JUSTITIA.

Beware of roorbacks. The Grits are desperate, and ready to resort to any kind of trick to gain the votes they so badly need.

From Now Until Spring

Overcoats and winter wraps will be in fashion. They can be discarded, temporarily, while traveling in the steam-heated trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. For solid comfort, for speed and for safety, no other line can compare with this great railway of the West.

For a variety of nice refreshing cold drinks come and see M. C. Brown, Adelphia corner.

Still the Fastest.

BUFFET LIBRARY CAR ROUTE — GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY — TO ALL POINTS EAST.

ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST.

Connecting at Duluth with the magnificent passenger

Strs. Northwest and Northland

For Sault Ste. Marie, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. The trip of a lifetime.

The Shortest Route to Kootenay Points.

Overland leaves Seattle 10 p.m. Coast line 8:30 a.m. Overland arrives Seattle 8 a.m. Coast line 5:30 p.m.

For further information call on or address R. C. STEVENS, G.W.P.A., Seattle. J. H. ROGERS, Agent, 75 Government St.

Spokane Falls & Northern Railway.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.

ONLY ROUTE TO TRAIL CREEK

And Mineral District of the Colville Reservation, Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenai Lake and Slocan Points.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Nelson, B.C.

7:00 a.m Lv..... SPOKANE ....Ar. 6:15 p.m.
8:40 a.m. Lv.....NELSON.....Ar. 5:00 p.m.

Passengers for Trail Creek Mines connect at Northport with stages and steamer daily.

Close connections at Nelson with steamers for Kaslo and all Kootenai Lake points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

FOR PUGET SOUND POINTS.

TAKE THE FINE STEAMER

"CITY OF KINGSTON"

Speed 18 knots. Tonnage 1147.

8:30 pm	M1	Lv*.... Victoria.....Ar	110	4:30 pm
11:45 pm	38	....Port Townsend....	72	1:30 pm
3:00 am	82	..... Seattle	28	10:15 am
4:45 am	110	Ar..... Tacoma ...* Lv	M1	8:00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points East and South.
*Daily except Monday.
E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent, Victoria, B.C.

NOTICE.

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to public traffic.
E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.
au3

THE BREATH OF THE PINES.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat and Lung Troubles are cured by Norway Pine Syrup. Price 25 and 50 cents. It breathes out the healing virtues of the pine forests.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

MAYNE ISLAND HOTEL,

Plumper Pass, B.C.

Tourists' Resort. Good Boating, Fishing and Hunting. Special inducements for Picnic. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. Best Wines, Spirits and Cigars at the bar. Terms—$1 per day; $5 per week.

W. M. ROBSON, Proprietor. my2-1m

Point Comfort Hotel,

MAYNE ISLAND, B.C.

This Resort is now open to visitors and pleasure-seekers for the coming summer months. Good boating and fishing of all kinds. Special inducements for picnic parties. Fine sandy beach. Lawn tennis and pleasure grounds. Tables supplied with fresh fruits in season. Choice wines, spirits and cigars at the bar. Steamer will land passengers at private wharf daily. Every accommodation. Terms $1.00 per day; $6.00 per week; special rates for families or longer periods. Apply
je10 THOS. BENNETT, Proprietor.

THE BANK EXCHANGE.

MERCHANTS' LUNCHEON 15c
From 11:30 to 2:30.
Meals at all Hours.
Private dining-rooms up-stairs. The coziest, cleanest and cheapest dining-room in the city.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

TIME TABLE No. 25,

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Saturday, March 21 1896. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

	Daily	Sat. & Sun.
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	A.M. 8:00	P.M. 4:00
Ar. Nanaimo	11:35	7:25
Ar. Wellington	12:00	7:45

GOING SOUTH.

	Daily	Sat. & Sun.
	A.M.	P.M.
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8:20	4:15
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8:45	4:33
Ar. Victoria	12:20	8:00

For rates and information apply at Company's offices.
A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, General Freight and Passenger Agent.
oc29

Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line.

For Honolulu . . . . China & Japan.

SS. ASLOUN—4,300 tons dead weight. Due 25th June.
SS. MOUNT LEBANON—3,900 tons. Due 15th July.

Puget Sound & Central America SS. Co.

SS. TRANSIT—Sailing monthly for Central American ports.

For freight and particulars apply to F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO'Y,

Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents,
—IMPORTERS OF—
JAPANESE RICE, SILK AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R'Y.

STEAMER JOAN
L. P. LOCKE, Master.
Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer:
Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. ap25

FOR PUGET SOUND POINTS.

SS. Rosalie

Leaves Victoria daily (except Sundays) at 10 a.m; returning leaves Seattle daily (except Sundays) at 12:30 a.m. Fares:
TO PORT TOWNSEND $1.50
TO SEATTLE..... 2.50
TO TACOMA 3.00
Round trip tickets at reduced rates. For tickets and information call on
J. K. DEVLIN, Agent, 75 Government Street.
no21

C. P. Navigation Co., Ld.

TIME TABLE No. 27.
Takes effect June 21st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, January 1st.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MR. RITHET'S ADVICE.

"More to the Benefit of Victoria That Prior and Earle Should Be Returned."

Sir Charles Tupper Pledged to Give Reasonable Assistance to Railway Enterprise.

Why a Government Victory Would Please the Promoters of the British Pacific.

The following letter by Mr. R. P. Rithet, M.P.P., addressed to Mr. D. R. Ker, was read by the latter at the public meeting Saturday evening, and shows beyond question where Mr. Rithet's sympathies are in the [illegible]ent election:

SAN FRANCIS[illegible] [illegible]une 9, 1896.

MY DEAR KER,—As I now find, much to my regret, that I am not going to be with you during the election I trust that you and the other friends of the party are using your utmost efforts to secure the return of our former representatives, Messrs. Prior and Earle.

I feel confident that it will be more to the benefit of Victoria that they should be returned again. The advantage of having Colonel Prior as a member of the government is a very important feature, but apart altogether from this I consider that the Liberal-Conservative party is the one which has always shown the greatest interest in, and desire to advance the interests of British Columbia. The policy of this party besides is, in my judgment, the one which is best calculated to develop our resources and the interests of the Province and Dominion generally.

Being, as I believe we are, on the verge of development of our mineral and other resources on such a scale as has never before been experienced, I think it would be a great mistake for British Columbia to change its allegiance at the present time; more especially so as the Liberal party have never shown themselves very friendly when speaking of British Columbia, nor have they ever appeared to grasp the situation in that spirit of enterprise which must prevail if our province is to be opened up for development and settlement as quickly as we are all so anxious it should be. It is but natural on such occasions that both parties should endeavor to make it appear that British Columbia would receive a large share of their attention, but so far as I can judge the Liberals have never shown that they were possessed of any well defined and fixed policy in reference to the greater questions now before the public—or towards British Columbia or any other section of the Dominion of such a nature as to commend them to the confidence of the country. For these reasons I am convinced that the party from whom the greatest benefits to our province will be derived is the Liberal-Conservative party, and from what I have been able to gather, from his public utterances and other evidence which has been given to me, I feel confident that Sir Charles Tupper is not only desirous of developing and settling up the Western portions of Canada (now so ripe for the application of a broad, enterprising and liberal policy, in the interest and for the benefit of the whole Dominion), but that he is also ambitious that something in this direction should be accomplished to a material extent during his leadership, in order that he may add more laurels to what he has already aided in accomplishing, as a member of previous governments during the Liberal-Conservative regime.

Coming into power at such a critical time in the history of the Dominion, I feel satisfied that his aim and that of his government will be to aid in every way possible the settlement of the many important matters claiming the attention of the public in a manner which will be best calculated to promote the public welfare and further the development of the country by encouraging the building of railways as the only medium by which it can be successfully accomplished, and I am glad to be able to say further that I understand Sir Charles Tupper himself is already pledged to render any reasonable assistance which may be found necessary in this direction for any and all sections of the Dominion.

As one of the matters most seriously affecting Victoria at the present time is, I take it, the construction of the British Pacific Railway, I am rather sorry that it cannot be made a more direct question than it is at the present time and during this election. The failure of the negotiations with the local government for the money aid stipulated for by the parties who were prepared to furnish the necessary capital for building this road, has necessitated the commencement of new negotiations upon different lines, and which, up to the present time, have not reached a point to warrant me in making any definite statement. The friends of the enterprise in London are using every effort to meet the views of the local government, and should a practical arrangement result, even if special aid should be called for, I would have every confidence that Sir Charles Tupper and his government, if returned to power, would favorably consider such a proposal for so important and necessary an undertaking. I am, therefore, most anxious that this government should again be returned to power, with Messrs. Prior and Earle as the representatives for Victoria, so that they may continue the negotiations already fairly started and bring them to a successful issue. I hardly think I can say more upon this point at present.

Above everything, I would say to you and my other friends that all splitting of votes should be avoided. Let the question be, one or the other—Conservative or Liberal; and on no account allow your cause to be nullified by sending a divided representation from the city of Victoria.

I again wish you every success during the coming contest, and shall watch the progress of the election with the greatest interest; and, until I learn to the contrary, I have every confidence that the result will be a solid representation of "Liberal-Conservatives."

I do not expect to be able to return to Victoria before the middle of July, as before returning I have to come back to San Francisco, but my stay in all probability (here) will be a short one.

With kind regards,
I remain,
Yours very truly,
R. P. RITHET.

The Electors should be on their guard against lying rumors. To-day and to-morrow all sorts of stories will be circulated with the hope of influencing the votes of the wavering. Those who are wise will believe none of the rumors raised at the last moment.

TIMES AT COOK'S INLET.

Miners Leaving That Remote Mining Region—Jammed in the Ice for Days.

The schooner Stella Erland has returned to the Sound from Cook's Inlet, Alaska. On her way down the Erland got jammed in the ice in the inlet and was held several days, but finally broke away from the ice pack, and, heading for Cape Flattery, arrived in just sixteen days' sailing time.

Reports from the inlet are as discouraging as ever. When Capt. Thunell left there the miners were still centered at Sunrise City, unable to get out prospecting on account of the snow. About the mouth of Six Mile the snow had disappeared, but up in the gulches and canyons it was still heavy and damp and almost impassable. The ice did not leave Six Mile creek until the 16th of May, two days after the Utopia left there, when it loosened up and floated out on the tides. At the inlet, however, there were immense masses twenty feet thick and weighing hundreds and thousands of tons. Captain Thunell, of the Erland, says there was much discouragement at the inlet when he left there and many men would have come away with him, but the Erland had no accommodations. Many had already begun to leave, making for Juneau by the Alaska Commercial Company's boats. He does not think that there will be much prospecting done, because of the late season. Those miners who went in there first this season are much put out by finding the country, as the snow leaves it, already staked out. Numbers of those who were up there last year took up claims for themselves, and all their friends and relatives, to the disadvantage of those who follow them.

MONARCHY IN FRANCE.

Proposed Orleanist Test of the Popular Sentiment Throughout the Republic.

LONDON, June 21.—The scheme of the Duc d' Orleans to test the popular feeling in France towards the restoration of the monarchy has received a large accession of adherents since the first announcement. The French papers which assert that the Duc's advisers meditate a coup d' etat based on bureaucratic and army corruption are in the wrong. Chief among the Duc's supporters are Mesdames de Hausonville, de Broglie and Buffet. What is proposed as a first step is that a Royalist deputy shall resign his seat, for which the Duc d' Orleans shall be brought forward as a candidate. The government can and will declare the election of a man under the bann of the law to be void. But the royalists will continue the same tactics, fighting constituency after constituency with the Duc's name, and thus, in some sort, obtain a form of plebiscite. The cost of an election campaign where much will depend on the money distributed will be enormous. A report, which is accepted as accurate in high English circles, says that over £2,000,000 sterling has been subscribed.

Creamers, stone churns, scythes, snaths, grass hooks, lawn mowers, etc., at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. x

Stub's Vegetable Blood Purifier—local testimonials. x

THE IMPERIAL PARTY.

Sir Charles Tupper Like His Great Predecessors Enjoys the Confidence of Britain's Rulers.

What Sir John Macdonald Said of Preferential Trade—Those Fake "Press Opinions."

Victoria contains so many old countrymen, their sons and grandsons, that a special effort is being made on behalf of the opposition candidates to deceive them into the belief that the Liberal-Conservative party in Canada is discredited in Great Britain. Nothing could be further from the truth. All that the Grit slanderers can point to in support of their assertion is a collection of alleged extracts from the British press which they say referred to "boodling" at Ottawa. On the face of it this appears unlikely, because the boodling there was not by ministers, but by contractors who bribed engineers and clerks and other officials to make false returns to the government. At Quebec, however, the boodling was by the ministers themselves—the notorious Mercier gang of "Liberals" now the colleagues of Mr. Laurier in Quebec province—and when they were summarily dismissed in disgrace by the Lieutenant-Governor the press of the whole English-speaking world was a unit in condemning their methods. The "Liberals" brought upon Canada this disgrace which now they brazenly parade—five years after the event—as if attaches to their opponents.

Sir Charles Tupper incurs the special hatred of these worthies. But Sir Charles has been in England as High Commissioner for twelve years, and all that time has taken so prominent a part in colonial affairs that no colonial statesman is more widely known. What is thought of him by the Colonial Secretary is shown by the message Sir Charles received when two months ago he became Premier. This was as follows:

"LONDON, April 30, 1896.

"*Sir Charles Tupper, Baronet, Ottawa:*

"I desire to tender my personal and hearty congratulations on your acceptance of the office of Prime Minister of Canada.

"JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN."

Perhaps the estimate of the Victoria slanderers who circulate the fly sheet of "opinions" libelling their country, is entitled to more weight than that of Mr. Chamberlain!

A chief plank in Sir Charles Tupper's platform is Preferential Trade with Great Britain. That is no new idea with the Liberal Conservative party, for it was part of the Imperial scheme which Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper both had at heart when they were colleagues in the Dominion ministry. The time was not then ripe to give effect to the idea, but Sir John's hopes are on record. About the time of the last general elections he thus wrote to an old friend, Hon. J. S. Helmcken of this city:

"I agree with you that we should have a reciprocity treaty with England. Years ago I, with Sir Leonard Tilley and Sir Charles Tupper, made a proposition to that effect while we were on a visit to London. The difficulty is that no English statesman has yet mustered courage to take up the question. Lord Salisbury will probably go to the country next summer, and, if successful, I shall renew the proposal."

To a marked degree Sir John Macdonald held the confidence of Her Majesty the Queen and the leaders of the political parties of Great Britain. After the general elections of 1891, the leader of the House of Commons in Lord Salisbury's last previous administration wrote as follows:

"MY DEAR SIR JOHN

"Let me congratulate you on success. It is not so big as I could have wished, but I am very glad indeed, for the sake of the old country, that you have won.

"It is disquieting to see that Ontario and Quebec have not given you a majority, but there, I suppose, the McKinley tariff hits hard.

"What can we do? What course is open to us? Retaliatory duties are, I fear, almost impossible for us here, as they could only be placed on bread stuffs, and our workmen are easily inflamed by a cry of dear food; but what other method exists to preserve our own method and reopen yours?

"Do not understand me as advocating such duties, but I am sensible of the extreme gravity of the situation and of the future, and I want light.

"For the present your elections give us time to breethe and to think. Understand—I write for myself alone, and in strict confidence. Yours sincerely,

"W. H. SMITH."

It is the idea upon which the Conservative leaders in Great Britain and in Canada thus expressed themselves in 1891 that Sir Charles Tupper aims to put into effect in his present advocacy of Preferential Trade with the mother country.

A report was put in circulation yesterday that Mr. Haggart had withdrawn from the contest. This is not true. Mr. Haggart is in the field, and intends to stay there until the last vote is polled. He is not one of the backing-out kind.

The Electors should be on their guard against lying rumors. To-day and to-morrow all sorts of stories will be circulated with the hope of influencing the votes of the wavering. Those who are wise will believe none of the rumors raised at the last moment.

Fifteen cent tea-kettles, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. x

Table and pocket cutlery; razors and scissors at Fox's. x

Stub's Vegetable Blood Purifier—at all druggists. x

Cowichan river flies,—a new stock just opened at Fox's, 78 Gov't street. x

ENGLAND BE BLOWED!

"Let Lord Salisbury Take Care of Her Interests" Says the Liberal Leader.

Boss Cartwright Declares That Continental Free Trade is the Proper Caper.

Whatever song Trilby Laurier may sing when away from Sir Richard Cartwright, the rueful Knight may be depended upon to hypnotise his nominal leader into a Free Trade melody whenever he comes within range. Mr. Laurier is only a figurehead; Sir Richard supplies the brains of the party, and this is what he told the Commons in 1894 and still adheres to:

"I believe if my friends of the Liberal party rise to the occasion, if they show a true and bold and wise daring on this crisis, that they may pave the way for a completely new system in good time. I do not want revolution; I want reform, but I desire to see genuine free trade brought about.

Early in the session of parliament just ended Sir Richard was challenged with respect to a letter he wrote to the London Economist in 1892. In response he read the whole of the letter and said he adhered to every word of it—every letter, every jot, every tittle. In that letter protection is spoken of as "legalized robbery"—a system of pillage, by which the agricultural class has been "bled white," and which puts twice as much into the pockets of the protected manufacturers as into the Dominion Treasury. Sir Richard then goes on to say:

"It is not merely the policy, but the fixed determination of the Liberal party in the Dominion of Canada to overthrow this system at all hazards, and after very full deliberation, they have come to the conclusion that the best, and probably the only really available method which presents itself for that purpose, lies in introducing a system of perfect continental free trade or unrestricted reciprocity with the United States."

The kaleidoscopic changes of the Liberal trade policy are so sudden that it needs an eagle-eye to follow them, and not even the Liberals themselves know exactly where they are. On June 1 we have Mr. Laurier assuring the manufacturers that they have nothing to be afraid of, the Liberals do not intend to establish absolute free trade and never did. The Montreal Gazette on June 2 pointed out that at Winnipeg Mr. Laurier said distinctly, "We will give you free trade," and asked how the contradiction was to be explained. The Witness of June 3 had the following:

"Mr. Laurier's ultimate aim in regard to the fiscal policy is, as he has again and again announced, 'free trade as they have it in Great Britain.' Free trade, as they have it in Great Britain, is a tariff for revenue, not 'absolute free trade.' A country which institutes absolute free trade will have to resort to direct taxation for revenue. Direct taxation takes the form of a poll tax, income tax or land tax. Mr. Laurier does not believe in this form of taxation, and is therefore opposed to 'absolute free trade.' He is in favor of free trade as they have it in Great Britain, namely, a revenue tariff as the working system of free trade."

At Valleyfield, on April 12, the leader of the opposition uttered these memorable words: "We want a treaty of reciprocity with the United States. The Conservatives say it would not be loyal to England. We will get a treaty with the United States, and if England objects we will consider her objection. Let Lord Salisbury take care of the interests of England; we will take care of the interests of Canada." (Montreal Herald report, April 13.)

This statement was followed at St. Louis de Gonzague by a declaration much in the same terms, warning us that unrestricted reciprocity is the policy for which, in the event of a Liberal triumph, we must look. At the Liberal convention in 1893 a like announcement was made by Mr. Laurier, and was indorsed by Sir Richard.

"The commercial interests of England," said Mr. Laurier, (convention report, page 34), "are not the interests of Canada, and the commercial interests of Canada are not the commercial interests of England. If the interests of Canada clash with those of England, is it any part of my loyalty, or of yours, that we should make the interests of Canada give way to the interests of Great Britain?" "Are we to be told, when we find our interests clashing with those of the Mother Land, that we must stand by the Mother Land?" Then the hon. gentleman proceeded to refer to unrestricted reciprocity with revenue tariff as a preliminary, adding: "These two questions, in my judgment, ought to constitute mainly the programme of the Liberal party."

Mason's celebrated fruit jars in different sizes, the most reliable jar in the market; always gives satisfaction; this is the jar you should buy. Weiler Bros.

Ninety Per Cent.

Of all the people need to take a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla at this season to prevent that run-down and debilitated condition which invites disease. The money invested in half a dozen bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will come back with large returns in the health and vigor of body and strength of nerves.

Hood's Pills are easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. Cure all liver ills 25c.

It's Rich.

OUR ICE CREAM SODA, 10 CENTS.

JOHN COCHRANE, CHEMIST,

N.W. corner of Yates and Douglas Streets.

SYLVESTER FEED CO., Ltd., make a specialty of dressing chickens to order. They have a large stock on hand, and customers may depend on getting the best from 60 to 75 cents each. je 21

COAL FOR SALE—Best household Wellington at lowest market rates. Delivered to all parts of the city; full weight guaranteed; white labor only employed. Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, (opposite Driard). Yard foot of Johnson street. fe21

THE NAME "WILLS"

On your package of Smoking Tobacco means that you have a first-class article. They are blended to suit all tastes. The brands are—

Capstan, Traveller, Gold Flake, Honey Dew, Virginia Honey Dew, Birdseye, Cavendish, Three Castles, Westward Ho.

E. A. Morris, Colonist Block.

That Bicycle

Will soon be in the possession of one of our many buyers; but nobody knows who it will be. There is some open time yet in which to make your purchases and take guesses at the Pin Jar; the wheel might yet be yours. Perhaps you want something in the line of Outing Suits; we've got a great assortment to choose from—Bicycle, Boating, Tennis, Golfing, Cricket and Yachting Outfits.

When We Can't

Show you something new and nobby in the Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishings Line, we shall feel that our usefulness in this business is gone. But at present we lay claim to the best stock in this line of business in British Columbia.

George R. Jackson,

Five Sisters' Block, Government St.

To the Public.

We are still IN TOWN and intend to REMAIN. We keep no agents nor "Professors" to peddle our goods. We import our material and manufacture our own stock of

Wigs, Front Pieces, Switches, etc.

All work is guaranteed, and we charge no fancy prices. Over thirty-five years' experience in Europe as well as America enables us to defy competition in our line. We invite the public to call and inspect our Hair Goods, etc., before purchasing elsewhere.

Hair-dressing, Cutting and Shampooing, etc., a specialty.

MR. and MRS. KOSCHE,

je21 31 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

The Officers and Members of Victoria Lodge No. 1, I.O.O.F, are requested to meet at the Lodge Room, Douglas st eet, on Wednesday next, the 24th instant, at 2 o'clock p.m. sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, George Doughty.

Members of sister lodges and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.

By order of the Noble Grand.

FREDERICK DAVEY, Rec. and Per. Secretary.

je 21

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The members of the Sir William Wallace Society and their friends are requested to meet in their hall, Broad street, at

1.30 p.m. on Monday, the 22nd inst.,

to attend the funeral of Dr. John Lang.

A. B. FRASER, Corresponding Secretary.

je 21

ICE

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A pure, distilled drinking water.

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The Prescriptions

Filled by Messrs. Langley & Co. during the 38 years they were engaged in the retail drug business can be refilled at the People's Popular Prescription Pharmacy only, I having purchased same.

C. E. JONES, CHEMIST,

Gov't Street, near new P.O. Always open

DIED.

LANG—At the Royal Jubilee Hospital, on the 19th inst., John Lang, M.D., aged 38 years, a native of Dumbarton, Scotland.

The funeral takes place at 2 p.m. Monday (TO-DAY), from Hanna's undertaking parlors, and later from the First Presbyterian Church. Friends will please accept this intimation.

DOUGHTY—At his residence, No. 118 Fort street, on the 20th inst., George Doughty, a native of London, England, aged 75 years.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, at 2.30 p.m. from the residence as above, and Christ Church Cathedral at 3 o'clock. Friends will please accept this intimation.

CAMPBELL—At the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, on the 20th instant, John Campbell, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, aged 22 years.

$1.50 will buy 100 lbs. wheat; 75 cents will buy 100 lbs. potatoes; 25 cents will buy 10 lbs onions, at Sylvester Feed Co. Ltd., City Market. je 21

TRIUMPH LODGE, No. 4, A.O.U.W., will give an ice cream social and dance at A.O.U.W. hall on the evening of June 25th; good music, and an enjoyable evening assured all attending. Admission 50 cents. je16-5t